

**B.E/B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATIONS APRIL / MAY 2010**

Second Semester

**CSE102: DATA STRUCTURES**

(Common to B.E – Computer Science & B.Tech-Information Technology)

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer All Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 =10 Marks)**

1. Two main measures for the efficiency of an algorithm are
  - a. Processor and memory
  - b. Complexity and capacity
  - c. Time and space
  - d. Data and space
2. The complexity of the average case of an algorithm is
  - a. Much more complicated to analyze than that of worst-case
  - b. Much simpler to analyze than that of worst case
  - c. Sometimes more complicated and some other times simpler than that of worst case
  - d. None or above
3. Which of the following data structure is not linear data structure?
  - a. Arrays
  - b. Linked lists
  - c. Both of above
  - d. None of above
4. The operation of processing each element in the list is known as
  - a. Sorting
  - b. Merging
  - c. Inserting
  - d. Traversal
5. Which of the following is the feature of stack?
  - a. All operations are at one end
  - b. It cannot reuse its memory
  - c. All elements are of different data types
  - d. Any element can be accessed from it directly
6. Pushdown list means:
  - a. Stack
  - b. Queue
  - c. Linked list
  - d. All of the above
7. Of the following tree structure, which is efficient considering space and time complexities?
  - a. Incomplete Binary Tree
  - b. Complete Binary Tree
  - c. Full Binary Tree
  - d. Stacked Binary Tree
8. In tree construction which is the suitable efficient data structure?
  - a. Array
  - b. Linked list
  - c. Stack
  - d. Queue

9. Sorting is not possible by using which of the following methods?  
a. Insertion                      b. Selection                      c. Exchange                      d. Deletion
10. The complexity of Binary search algorithm is  
a.  $O(n)$                       b.  $O(\log n)$                       c.  $O(n^2)$                       d.  $O(n \log n)$

**PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. State the verification of program segments with loops.  
12. Define algorithm.  
13. State the difference between an array and a linked list.  
14. What is an ADT?  
15. List out the few applications of stack.  
16. What is a circular queue?  
17. Construct binary tree for the following infix expression  $A+B*C/D$ .  
18. What is a binary heap? Give an example.  
19. Explain the different types of sorting.  
20. How is insertion sort different from selection sort?

**PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)**

21. a) Explain the aspects that should be considered while problem solving .

**(OR)**

- b) Discuss the various measures which are used to analyze the performance of an algorithm

22. a) (i) Write an algorithm to insert and delete an element in a doubly linked list. (8)

- (ii) Give an integer  $k$ , write a procedure to delete the  $k^{\text{th}}$  element from a doubly linked list. (6)

**(OR)**

- b) (i) Explain in detail the applications of linked list. (6)

- (ii) Write the algorithm for insertion and deletion operation performed in circular queue. (8)

23. a) Explain the linked list implementation of stack ADT in detail.

**(OR)**

- b) (i) Explain the various applications of queues. (6)

- (ii) Explain the implementation of circular linked list. (8)

24. a) What are the various tree traversal methods? Explain.

**(OR)**

b) (i) What is a threaded binary tree? How do you represent binary tree using list? (8)

(ii) There are 8, 15, 13 and 14 nodes respectively in 4 different trees. Which of them is capable of forming a full binary tree. (6)

25. a) Write an algorithm for quick sort. Sort the given values using quick sort.

65 70 75 80 85 60 55 50 45

**(OR)**

b) (i) Sort the given elements using Heap Sort. (6)

31 41 59 26 53 58 97

(ii) Explain binary search tree with an example. (8)

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