

Register Number:

B.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: NOV/DEC 2012

Third Semester

CIVIL ENGINEERING

CEE103: Mechanics of Solids

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Answer all the Questions:-

PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Unit of strain is
 - a) Pa
 - b) MPa
 - c) N/mm^2
 - d) No Unit
2. Yield stress is also known as
 - a) Permissible Stress
 - b) Ultimate stress
 - c) Working stress
 - d) Proof stress
3. The number of members are less than $2j-3$ is
 - a) Perfect frame
 - b) Redundant frame
 - c) Deficient frame
 - d) Truss frame
4. In a thin shell, the ratio of longitudinal stress to the circumferential stress is
 - a) $1/2$
 - b) $3/4$
 - c) 1
 - d) 2
5. The negative bending moment which causes the beam to bend upward is called (simply supported beam)
 - a) Hogging
 - b) Clockwise
 - c) Sagging
 - d) Anticlockwise
6. The bending stress developed at neutral axis level is
 - a) Compressive stress
 - b) Shear stress
 - c) Tensile stress
 - d) No stress
7. Maximum deflection of a cantilever carrying a point load W at its free end is
 - a) $WL^4/2EI$
 - b) $WL^4/3EI$
 - c) $WL^4/8EI$
 - d) $WL^4/16EI$
8. In a rectangular section, the maximum shear stress occurs at
 - a) Apex of the triangle
 - b) Mid of the height
 - c) $1/3$ of the height
 - d) Base of the triangle

(OR)

- b) The state of stress at a point in a strained material is shown in fig 2. Determine (i) the principle stresses (ii) inclination of principle planes and (iii) max shear stress.

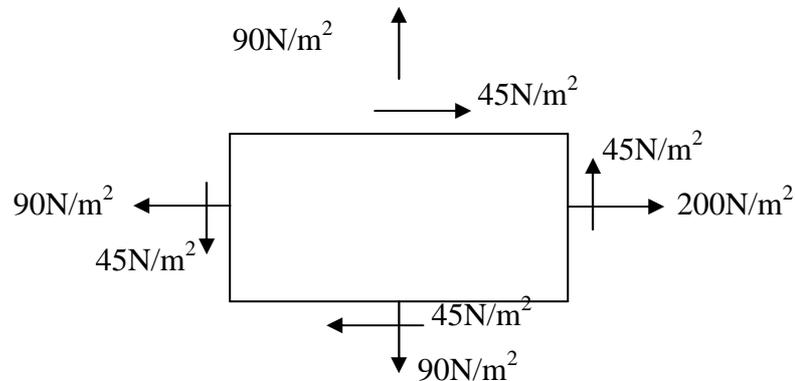


Fig 2.

22. a) Analyse the truss shown in fig 3. any one method.

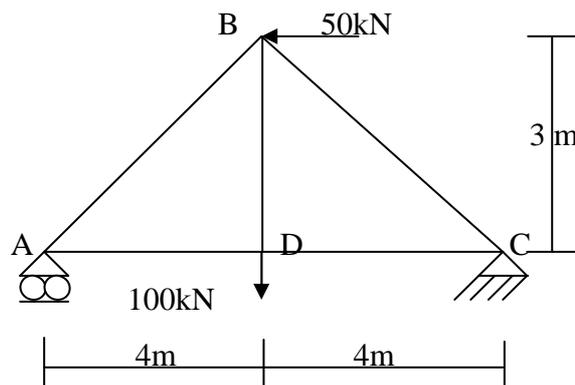


Fig 3.

(OR)

- b) A steel cylinder with flat ends is 2m long and 1m diameter with metal thickness 10mm. It is filled with water at atmospheric pressure. The pressure has been increased to 2MPa by pumping more water. An amount of $2.9 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^3$ of water has been collected at the outlet after releasing the pressure. If $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ MPa}$ and Poisson's ratio 0.3. Find out the bulk modulus.

23. a) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the loaded beam shown in fig 4.

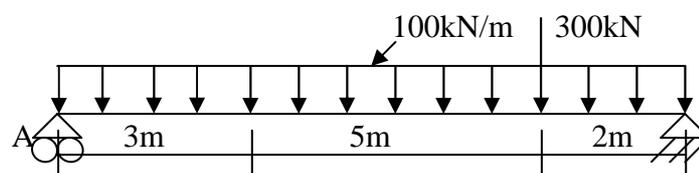


Fig 4.

(OR)

- b) A beam of symmetrical has a depth of 450mm and moment of inertia of $275.36 \times 10^6 \text{mm}^4$ about its axis of bending. Find the maximum permissible span of the beam. If simply supported at the ends, it has to carry a UDL of 25kN per metre run without exceeding a bending stress of 120MPa.

24. a) A cantilever beam AB 2m long is carrying a load of 20kN at free end and 30kN at a distance 1m from the free end. Find the slope and deflection at the free end. Take $E = 200 \text{GPa}$ and $I = 150 \times 10^6 \text{mm}^4$.

(OR)

- b) An I section beam 350mm x 200mm has a web thickness of 12.5mm and a flange thickness of 25mm. It carries a shearing force of 200kN at a section. Sketch the shear stress distribution across the section.

25. a) A solid circular shaft is transmit 400kN power at 160rpm. Find the diameter of the shaft if the shear stress is not to exceed 50N/mm^2 .

(OR)

- b) It is required to design a close coiled helical spring shall deflect 1mm under an axial load of 100N at a shear stress of 90MPa. The spring is to be made of round wire having shear modulus of $0.8 \times 10^5 \text{MPa}$. The mean diameter of the coil is 10times that of the coil wire. Find the diameter and length of the wire.
