

Register Number: .....

**B.E. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL/ MAY 2012**

Fourth Semester

**ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

ECE108: Transmission Lines and Waveguides

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer ALL Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. The inductive loading required to achieve a distortion less line with the line parameters  $R = 42.1 \Omega/\text{km}$ ,  $G = 1.5 \mu\text{mho}/\text{km}$ ,  $C = 0.062 \mu\text{F}/\text{km}$  and  $L = 1 \text{ mH}/\text{km}$ .  
a) 1.774H/km      b) 1.74H/km      c) 2H/km      d) 1.074H/km
2. Group velocity is defined by  
a)  $\omega/\beta$       b)  $2\pi/\beta$       c)  $\gamma/\beta$       d)  $d\omega/d\beta$
3. The value of SWR and Reflection coefficient of a matched load is given by  
a) (1,0)      b) ( $\infty$ ,1)      c) (0,1)      d) (1,  $\infty$ )
4. Half wave line can be used as  
a) Impedance inverter    b) one to one transformer    c) coupling device    d) copper insulator
5. The cut-off wavelength of a parallel plane guide separated by 5cm operated in  $\text{TE}_{10}$  mode is  
a) 1m      b) 0.01m      c) 0.1m      d) 0.001m
6. At the cut-off frequency the wave impedance for TM waves becomes  
a) Infinite      b) zero      c) characteristic impedance      d) intrinsic impedance
7. The phase velocity of the wave propagating in the dominant mode inside a rectangular waveguide of dimension 7 x 3.5 cm is  
a)  $3.78 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$     b)  $3.08 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$     c)  $3.8 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$     d)  $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
8. Rectangular Waveguide is a \_\_\_\_\_ filter  
a) Low pass filter      b) High pass filter      c) Band pass filter      d) Notch filter
9. The dominant mode in the Circular Waveguide is  
a)  $\text{TE}_{01}$       b)  $\text{TE}_{10}$       c)  $\text{TM}_{11}$       d)  $\text{TE}_{11}$
10. Cavity resonators can be used as  
a) Microwave oscillators    b) Amplifiers      c) Both a and b      d) Neither a nor b

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. What is an Infinite line?

12. Calculate the reflection coefficient of a transmission line when  $Z_R = 200\Omega$  and  $Z_o = 692\angle -12^\circ\Omega$ .
13. Design a Quarter wave transmission line to match a load of  $500\Omega$  to a source of  $300\Omega$ . The operating frequency is  $300\text{MHz}$ .
14. What is stub matching? Mention its advantages.
15. What is meant by intrinsic impedance?
16. What are the properties of TEM waves in guided wave propagation?
17. Why  $\text{TM}_{01}$  and  $\text{TM}_{10}$  modes in a rectangular waveguide do not exist?
18. What are degenerate modes in Rectangular Waveguides?
19. A circular wave guide operated at  $11\text{GHz}$  has the internal diameter of  $4.5\text{cm}$ . For a  $\text{TE}_{10}$  mode propagation calculate  $\lambda$  and  $\lambda_c$  ( $(h_a)_{01} = 2.405$ ).
20. Define Quality factor of a resonator?

**PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)**

21. a) Obtain the general solution of the transmission line and state its physical significance.

**(OR)**

- b) (i) What is meant by loading? Show that attenuation and velocity are both independent of frequency with inductance loading of telephone cables. (10)
- (ii) Find the sending end impedance of the line having  $Z_o = 710 \angle 14^\circ \Omega$ ,  $Z_R = 300 \Omega$ ,  $\gamma = 0.007 + j0.0028 / \text{km}$  and  $l = 100\text{km}$ . (4)

22. a) Originating from the bilinear transformation derive the analytical formulation of the Smith Chart for a lossless transmission line.

**(OR)**

- b) A slotted line measurement of a transmission line with characteristic impedance  $60 \Omega$  indicate a VSWR of 4.0 and the location of the first voltage minima of the standing wave pattern to be  $0.1\lambda$  from the load. Assuming  $d_1 = 0.05\lambda$  and  $d_2 = 0.375\lambda$  and using Smith Chart find the lengths of the two stubs to achieve a match between the line and load.

23. a) Derive the expression for the field strengths for TM waves between parallel plates propagating in z direction. Sketch the field distribution of E and H fields for  $\text{TM}_{10}$  mode.

**(OR)**

- b) Prove that the frequency of minimum attenuation due to conductor loss in a parallel plane waveguide for TM mode is  $\sqrt{3} f_c$  where  $f_c$  is the cut off frequency. Also find the expression for minimum attenuation.

24. a) Derive the expression for the field components of TE waves in rectangular waveguide. Sketch the field distributions for the dominant mode.

**(OR)**

- b) Define wave impedance and derive the expression for wave impedance for TE, TM and TEM waves in a rectangular waveguide.

25. a) (i) Derive the expressions for cut-off frequency, phase constant and velocity of propagation of waves in a circular waveguide. (7)

- (ii) Given a circular waveguide of internal diameter 2 cm operating with a 10 GHz signal propagating in dominant mode. Calculate the cut-off frequency, guide wavelength, wave impedance and the bandwidth of operation in dominant mode only.  $[(h_{a})_{11} = 1.841]$ . (7)

**(OR)**

- b) Derive the expression for unloaded Q of a rectangular cavity resonator (a x b x d) excited in TE<sub>101</sub> mode for  $d > a > b$ . What is the condition for maximum Q?

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