

**B 2262**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2007.

Second Semester

Information Technology

IF 142 — PROGRAM DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A -- (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Draw a flowchart to find the smallest number among three numbers.
2. State the reasons why pseudo-code representation of any algorithm is popular.
3. How the flags are used in a program?
4. List the rules for linking modules.
5. Give the advantages of arrays.
6. How can you access the elements in multi-dimensional arrays?
7. Can a nested IF statement be converted into a CASE structure always? Justify.
8. How break differs from exit?
9. Distinguish between a file merge design and file match design.
10. Compare sequential versus non-sequential file.

PART B -- (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Explain the steps involved in a program development cycle. (12)
- (ii) How can we store and access data? (4)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the design structures in pseudo-code. (8)
- (ii) Write the pseudo code to search the element in an array using sequential search. (8)

12. (a) (i) Design a program that will create a report with a two-line page heading and single-line column headings. The detail lines should be single spaced. Allow a maximum of 45 detail line per page and the page headings include the system date and a page number. (8)
- (ii) Write short notes on parameter records. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Describe about the requirements and goals of the structured design. (12)
- (ii) Explain how interactive programs differ from batch programs? (4)

13. (a) (i) Write a program or pseudo code to sort the elements using insertion sort technique. (8)
- (ii) Give the demo to sort the given elements using insertion sort. (8)
- [ 13, 8, 32, 5, 65, 81; 17, 9, 47, 26 ]

Or

- (b) (i) Explain how can you design for searching in two-dimensional arrays? (8)
- (ii) Design a program that accesses data from parallel arrays. (8)

14. (a) (i) With an example illustrate the conversion of a nested IF into an IF statements using AND and OR. (8)
- (ii) Explain the CASE structure with suitable example. (8)

Or

- (b) (i) Explain the different types of edit checks. (8)
- (ii) Describe about single level control breaks and multi-level control breaks with an example. (8)

15. (a) Design an update program assuming any one transaction record for any one master record.

Or

- (b) (i) Explain briefly about indexed sequential access in a file with an example. (12)
- (ii) What is the need of EOF testing? (4)

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