

**B 471**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2005.

Second Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

MA 035 — DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

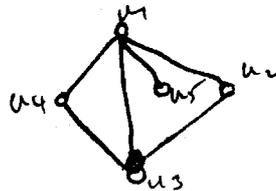
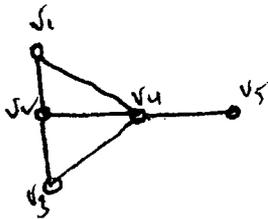
Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Define contrapositive of a statement.
2. Give the symbolic form of the statement "every book with a blue cover is a mathematics book".
3. State the principle of mathematical induction.
4. Find the coefficient of  $x^{10}$  in  $(1+x^5+x^{10}+\dots)^3$ .
5. Find all the cosets of the subgroup  $H = \{1, -1\}$  in  $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$  with the operation multiplication.
6. Give an example of a field with three elements.
7. Define partial order relation.
8. Give an example of non distributive lattice.
9. Define pendent vertex in a graph.
10. Whether the following graphs are isomorphic or not.



11. (i) Give the principal disjunctive and conjunctive normal forms of the expression

$$(\neg P \rightarrow R) \cap (q \leftrightarrow p)$$

- (ii) Show that  $R \rightarrow S$  can be derived from the premises  $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow s)$ ,  $\neg R \cup P$  and  $q$

12. (a) (i) Prove by induction for  $n \geq 1$  (6)

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

- (ii) Solve the recurrence relation (10)

$$F(n) - F(n-1) - F(n-2) = 0, F(0) = 1, F(1) = 1.$$

Or

- (b) (i) In a survey of 100 students, it was found that 40 studied Mathematics, 64 studied Physics 35 studied Chemistry, 1 studied all the three subjects 25 studied Mathematics and Physics, 3 studied Mathematics and Chemistry and 20 studied Physics and Chemistry. Find the number of students who studied Chemistry only. (6)

- (ii) Using the generating function method solve the difference equation  $y_{n+2} - y_{n+1} - 6y_n = 0$  given that  $y_1 = 1, y_0 = 2$ . (10)

13. (a) (i) If every element of a group is its own inverse prove that  $G$  is abelian. Is the converse is true? (6)
- (ii) Let  $(G, *)$  and  $(H, \Delta)$  be two groups. Let  $g: G \rightarrow H$  be a homomorphism. Let  $H'$  denote the image set of  $G$  under the mapping  $g$  and  $k$  be  $\text{Ker}(g)$ . Prove that  $G/K$  is isomorphic to  $H'$ . (10)

Or

- (b) (i) State and prove Lagranges theorem. (12)

- (ii) Define ring and give an example of a ring with zero-divisors. (4)

14. (a) (i) Draw the Hasse diagram for the partial ordering  $\{(A, B) / A \subseteq B\}$  on the power set  $P(S)$  where  $S = \{a, b, c\}$ .

(ii) In any lattice prove that

$$a \wedge (b \cup c) \geq (a \wedge b) \cup (a \wedge c)$$

Or

(b) (i) Prove that in a distributive lattice every element has unique complement.

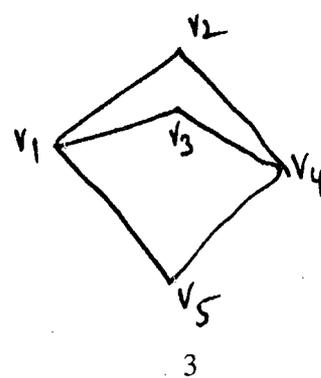
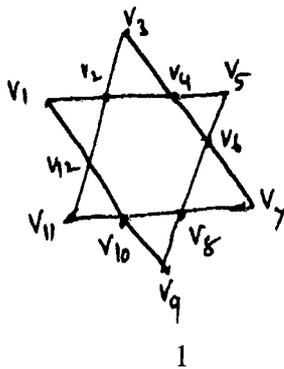
(ii) Simplify the following Boolean function

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = x_1 x_3 + x_1' x_3 x_4 + x_2 x_3' x_4 + x_2' x_3 x_4$$

by any method.

15. (a) (i) Prove that the total degree of vertices in a graph is equal to twice the edges of the graph.

(ii) Which of the following are Euler graphs :



Or

(b) (i) Give an example of a graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian and vice-versa.

(ii) Draw the directed graph  $G$  corresponding to the adjacency matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Also find the indegree and outdegree for each vertices and verify that total indegree equal to total outdegree = the number of edges.