

**R 8205**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2006.

Fifth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 332 – THEORY OF COMPUTATION

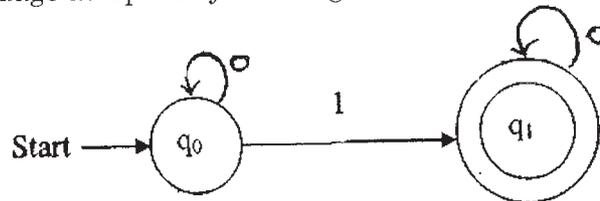
Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Find the language accepted by a DFA given below.



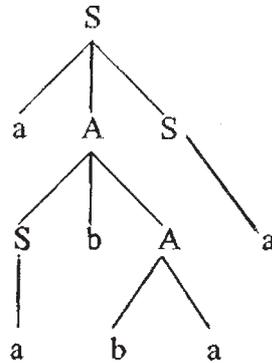
2. Give the formal statement of pumping lemma for regular sets.
3. Find the language generated by a CFG  $G = (\{S\}, \{0,1\}, \{S \rightarrow 0/1/\epsilon, S \rightarrow 0S0/1S1\}, S)$ .
4. Obtain a derivation tree for the grammar  $G = (\{S,A\}, \{a,b\}, P, S)$  where  $P$  consists of  $S \rightarrow aAS/a$   
 $A \rightarrow SbA/SS/ba$
5. Using pumping lemma show that the language  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n / n \geq 1\}$  is not a context-free language.
6. Give the formal definition of a pushdown automation.
7. What is meant by a Turing Machine with two-way infinite tape.
8. Define instantaneous description of a Turing Machine.
9. Show that the union of two recursively enumerable languages is recursively enumerable.
10. What is undecidability problem?

PART B --- (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Show that the language  $L = \{0^n / n \geq 1, n \text{ is an integer}\}$  is not regular. (4)
- (ii) Let  $L$  be a set accepted by a NFA then show that there exists a DFA that accepts  $L$ . (12)

Or

- (b) (i) Show that every set accepted by a DFA is denoted by a regular expression. (8)
- (ii) Construct an NFA equivalent to the following regular expression  $01^* + 1$ . (8)
12. (a) (i) Construct an equivalent grammar  $G$  in CNF for the grammar  $G_1$ , where  $G_1 = (\{S, A, B\}, \{a, b\}, \{S \rightarrow bA/aB, A \rightarrow bAA/aS/a, B \rightarrow aBB/bS/b\}, S)$  (12)
- (ii) Find the left most and right most derivation corresponding to the tree. (4)



Or

- (b) (i) Show that any CFL without  $\epsilon$  can be generated by an equivalent grammar in Chomsky-normal form. (12)
- (ii) Find the language generated by the grammar  $G = (\{S\}, \{a, b\}, \{S \rightarrow aSb, S \rightarrow ab\}, S)$  (4)
13. (a) Show that if  $L$  is a CFL then there exists a PDA  $M$  such that  $L = N(M)$ . (16)

Or

- (b) State and prove pumping lemma for context-free languages. (16)
14. (a) (i) Explain in detail: "The Turing Machine as a computer of integer functions". (8)
- (ii) Design a Turing Machine to accept the language  $L = \{0^n 1^n / n \geq 1\}$  (8)

Or

(b) (i) What is the role of checking off symbols in a Turing Machine. (4)

(ii) Design a Turing Machine to implement "Proper Subtraction". (12)

15. (a) (i) Show that any non-trivial property  $J$  of the recursively enumerable languages is undecidable. (8)

(ii) Show that if  $L$  and  $\bar{L}$  are recursively enumerable then  $L$  and  $\bar{L}$  are recursive. (8)

Or

(b) Define the universal language and show that it is recursively enumerable but not recursive. (16)

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