

B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL/MAY 2014

(Regulation 2009)

Sixth Semester

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

GSS106: Governance in India

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Answer all the Questions:-

PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

1. Right to Equality guarantees
 - a) Equality before law to Indian Citizen alone
 - b) Equality before law to all persons
 - c) Equality before law to majority of citizens
 - d) Equality before law to foreigners only
2. The 42nd amendment included the following into the Preamble
 - a) Democratic and Republic
 - b) Liberty and Equality
 - c) Secular and Democratic
 - d) Secular and Socialistic
3. The Rajya Sabha MPs are elected
 - a) Directly by people by casting votes
 - b) Directly by people by naming their candidates
 - c) By the elected members of the legislative assembly of the state
 - d) By the elected members of the Lok Sabha
4. The _____ stands at the apex of the State judicial organization
 - a) Supreme Court
 - b) Magisterial Court
 - c) Appellate Court
 - d) High Court
5. The President may proclaim emergency under Article 352 if
 - a) A grave menace threatening the security of India
 - b) A failure of constitutional machinery in a state
 - c) Financial stability or credit of the country is threatened.
 - d) A communal violence erupts
6. The ex-officio chairman of the Rajya Sabha is
 - a) The Prime Minister
 - b) The Vice President
 - c) The President
 - d) Chief Justice of India
7. The head of the General Administration Department is
 - a) The Governor
 - b) The Chief Minister

- c) The concerned Minister
 - d) The Chief Secretary
8. By and large the tenure of Municipal Council is
 - a) 5 Years
 - b) 4 Years
 - c) 3 Years
 - d) 2 Years
9. NICNET means
 - a) National Information Credit Network
 - b) National Industrial Collaboration Network
 - c) National Informatics Centre Network
 - d) National Industrial Central Network
10. A SMART Government means
 - a) Simple, Moral, Accountable and Responsive Government
 - b) Standard, Mobile, Accountable and Responsive Government
 - c) Simple, Moral, Acceptable and Responsive Government
 - d) Simple, Mobile, Accountable and Responsive Government

PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

11. List the fundamental duties of an Indian Citizen.
12. Define Right against Exploitation.
13. What is meant by Collective Responsibility?
14. What is meant by a Court of Record?
15. List the functions of Cabinet
16. What is the composition of Income Tax Department?
17. What are the features of District Administration?
18. Who is a Sarpanch? What are the functions of a Sarpanch?
19. What is the need for E-governance?
20. List the E-governance maturity model levels.

PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)

21. a) What are the objectives enshrined in Preamble? Explain in detail about the fundamental rights.

(OR)

- b) Write short notes on:
 - (i) Directive Principles of State Policy (6)
 - (ii) Union Executive (8)
22. a) Write short notes on:
 - (i) State Legislature

(6)

(ii) Lok Sabha

(8)

(OR)

b) Write short notes on:

(i) State and Union Judiciary

(7)

(ii) Parliamentary Democracy

(7)

23. a) Explain the role, functions and powers of the President and the Prime Minister.

(OR)

b) Explain in detail about the various Ministries and Departments.

24. a) Explain in detail the role of central and state agencies in administration of law and order.

(OR)

b) Explain in detail about the Municipal Administration in India.

25. a) Write short notes on:

(i) E-Readiness

(6)

(ii) IT in Indian Judiciary

(8)

(OR)

b) Explain the Computer-aided Administration of Registration Department (CARD) Project.
