

**B.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL / MAY 2014**

(Regulation 2009)

Sixth Semester

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

ITY108: Advanced Java Programming

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. Sun's trademarked slogan \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Write Once, Debug Anywhere
  - b) Write Once, Read Once
  - c) Write Once, Run Anywhere
  - d) Read Once, Run Anywhere
2. A top level window is called \_\_\_\_\_ in JAVA.
  - a) Super Window
  - b) Frame
  - c) Applet
  - d) Abstract Window
3. Default layout manager in java applet \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Grid Layout
  - b) Grid bag Layout
  - c) Border Layout
  - d) Flow Layout
4. JTextField, JTextArea and JPasswordField classes inherit from a class called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) JTextAreaComponent
  - b) JTextComponent
  - c) JTextFieldComponent
  - d) JPasswordFieldComponent
5. Each datagram contains \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Header, payload
  - b) Header, packet id
  - c) Header, destination address
  - d) Header, connection parameter.
6. Most TCP stacks use buffers to improve network \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Speed
  - b) Bandwidth
  - c) Performance
  - d) Delay
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ class processes possible database errors by catching a SQLException.
  - a) UserList
  - b) DbList
  - c) DataList
  - d) ErrorList
8. JSP elements (tags) can be grouped according to the functions they perform. The tags are surrounded by angle brackets (<>), and like HTML and XML tags can have attributes. Everything else that can be contained in the JSP page but that cannot be known to the JSP translators (plain text, HTML tags, and so on) is called \_\_\_\_\_ data.

- a) Buffer
  - b) Form
  - c) Input
  - d) Template
9. The POP server does not offer any \_\_\_\_\_ facilities beyond the mailbox that new mail is delivered.
  - a) Storage
  - b) Input
  - c) Transmit
  - d) Receive
10. An application server typically deploys a variety of object-oriented \_\_\_\_\_ services using an \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Server, Object Serve Request
  - b) Client, Object Request Server
  - c) Middleware, Object Request Broker
  - d) Middleware, Object Serve Broker

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. What are the advantages of Graphics Programming?
12. What are event listeners? And state its purposes.
13. What is Model – View – Controller pattern?
14. What is the purpose of layout mechanism in JAVA?
15. What is socket class?
16. Define Datagram.
17. State the steps for java database connectivity.
18. List the scripting elements in JSP.
19. List the components of JavaMail protocols.
20. What is meant by reliable messaging?

**PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)**

21. a) (i) Explain the features of JFC (7)  
(ii) Explain the relationships between event sources and listeners (7)
- (OR)**
- b) Explain any three commonly used low level event classes in detail.
22. a) Explain a model – view – controller analysis of swing buttons in detail
- (OR)**
- b) (i) Write Short notes on Border Layout (7)  
(ii) Explain shortly about menu component in Swings. (7)

23. a) Explain the seven basic operations in a socket connection.

**(OR)**

b) What is multicast socket? Explain the working of Multicast Sockets

24. a) (i) Write short notes about JBBC Connectivity. (4)

(ii) Write a java program to retrieve data from a database table or tables using JDBC Connectivity. (10)

**(OR)**

b) Explain the Servlet structure and life cycle methods with a simple servlet program.

25. a) List and explain about java mail components in detail.

**(OR)**

b) Explain the EJB architecture and its types.

\*\*\*\*\*