

B.E/B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL/MAY 2014

(Regulations 2009)

Third Semester

MAT104: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III

(Common to AERO, AUTO, CE, ECE, EIE, EEE, ME & MCT)

Time: Three Hours**Maximum Marks: 100****Answer all the Questions:-****PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

- The order of the PDE $u_{xx} + 4u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} = 0$
 - 4
 - 2
 - 3
 - 1
- The complete integral of $z = px + qy - pq$ is
 - $z = x + y + f(x, y)$
 - $z = xy$
 - $z = x^2 + y^2$
 - $z = ax + by - ab$
- The value of b_n for $f(x) = |x|$ in $(-1, 1)$ is
 - 0
 - 1
 - 2
 - X
- The value of a_0, a_n for $f(x) = \tan x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ is
 - 0, 0
 - 1, 1
 - 1, 2
 - 2, 2
- The two dimensional heat flow equation in steady state is
 - $u_x = u_t$
 - $u_t = u_{xx}$
 - $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$
 - $u_x + u_y = 0$
- The solution of the one-dimensional wave equation is
 - steady
 - unsteady
 - periodic
 - none
- The Fourier transform is
 - self-reciprocal
 - pair
 - unity
 - none
- If $F(f(x)) = F(S)$ then $F(f(x-a)) = \text{-----}$
 - e^{-as}
 - $e^{ias} F(s)$

c) $e^{-ias} F(s)$ d) $F(s)a$

9. The Z transform of 1 is

a) $\frac{z}{(z+1)}$

b) z

c) $\frac{z}{(z-1)}$

d) $\frac{z^2}{(z+1)}$

10. If $Z(f(n)) = F(z)$, then $Z(2f(n))$ is

a) $2F(z)$

b) $\frac{F(z)}{2}$

c) $4F(z)$

d) none

PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- Form the PDE from $z = ax^n + by^n$
- Find the complete integral of $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = 1$
- State the convergence condition on Fourier series.
- Find the value of a_0, a_n for the function $f(x) = \sinh x$ defined in $(-\pi, \pi)$
- Write the steady state solution of the one dimensional heat equation.
- State the physical meaning of the constant term in the one dimensional wave equation.
- Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-|x|}$
- Find the Fourier sine transform of e^{-bx}
- Find the Z transform of 3^n
- State the initial value theorem on Z transform.

PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)

- (i) Solve $x^2 p^2 + y^2 q^2 = z^2$ (6)
 - (ii) Solve $(D^2 + DD' - 6D'^2)z = e^{x-y} + \cos(2x+y)$ (8)
- (OR)**
- (i) Solve $(D^3 - 7DD'^2 - 6D'^3)z = \cos(x+2y) + x$ (8)
 - (ii) Solve $x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y)$ (6)
- (i) Obtain the Fourier series expansion of $x + x^2$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ (7)
 - (ii) Find the cosine series for $f(x) = e^x$ in $(0, 1)$. (7)

(OR)

- b) Obtain the Fourier series for $y=f(x)$ up to second harmonic for the following data:

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f(x)	9	18	24	28	26	20

23. a) A taut string of length $2l$ is fastened at both ends. The midpoint of the string is displaced by a distance b transversely and the string is released from rest in this position. Find the displacement of any point of the string at any subsequent time.

(OR)

- b) A bar of 10cm long, with insulated sides, has its ends A and B kept at 50°C and 100°C respectively until steady state conditions prevail. The temperature at A is then suddenly raised to 100°C and at the same instant that at B is lowered to 60°C . Find the subsequent temperature at any time of the bar at any time.

24. a) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2; & |x| < a \\ 0 & ; |x| > a > 0 \end{cases}$.

Hence find (i) $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin t - t \cos t}{t^3}$ and (ii) $\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{\sin - \cos t}{t^3}\right)^2 dt$

(OR)

- b) (i) Find $F_c[e^{-a^2x^2}]$ and hence find $F_s[xe^{-a^2x^2}]$. (8)

(ii) Using Parseval's identity evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^2}$ (6)

25. a) (i) State and prove final value theorem on Z – Transform. (7)

(ii) Using convolution theorem find the inverse Z – transform of $\frac{z^2}{(z-a)(z-b)}$ (7)

(OR)

- b) Using Z–transform solve:

$u_{n+2} - 3u_{n+1} + 2u_n = 4^n$ given that $u_0 = 0$ and $u_1 = 1$.
