



**M.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: JAN 2015**

(Regulation 2014)

First Semester

**EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

P14MAT106: Applied Mathematics for Embedded Systems

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-  
PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. **Assertion(A):** The characteristic equation of one dimensional wave equation is  $\xi(x,t)=x-ct$  and  $\eta(x,t)=x+ct$ . [K<sub>2</sub>]

**Reason(R)** : The one dimensional wave equation is  $u_t = ku_{xx}$ .

- a) A is wrong and R is correct                      b) A is correct and R is wrong  
c) Both A and R are individually correct and R implies A                      d) Both A and R are individually correct and A implies R

2. If  $\bar{A} u_{\xi\xi} + \bar{B} u_{\xi\eta} + \bar{C} u_{\eta\eta} + \bar{D} u_{\xi} + \bar{E} u_{\eta} + \bar{F}u = \bar{G}$  be the canonical form of [K<sub>1</sub>]

$Au_{xx} + Bu_{xy} + Cu_{yy} + Du_x + Eu_y + Fu = G$  then  $\bar{A}$  is

- a)  $2A\xi_x\eta_x + B(\xi_x\eta_y + \xi_y\eta_x) + 2C\xi_y\eta_y$                       b)  $A\xi_x^2 + B\xi_x\xi_y + C\xi_y^2$   
c)  $A\eta_x^2 + B\eta_x\eta_y + C\eta_y^2$                       d)  $A\xi_{xy} + B\xi_{xx} + D\xi_x + E\xi_y$

3. Match the following. [K<sub>1</sub>]

List I	List II
A) $\frac{d}{dx} [x^n J_n(x)] =$	1) 0
B) $\frac{d}{dx} [x^{-n} J_n(x)] =$	2) 1
C) $J_0 + 2J_2 + 2J_4 + 2J_6 + \dots =$	3) $x^n J_{n-1}(x)$
D) $J_1(0) =$	4) $-x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x)$

Codes:

- |    |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|---|---|---|
|    | A | B | C | D |
| a) | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| b) | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| c) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| d) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |

4. The steps involved in obtain the series solution when  $x = 0$  is an ordinary point of [K<sub>2</sub>]

the equation  $P_0(x)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + P_1(x)\frac{dy}{dx} + P_2(x)y = 0$ .

1. Substituting the values of  $a_2, a_3, a_4, \dots$  in the solution.
2. Calculate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  &  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  and substituting these values in the differential equation.

3. Assumed solution of the equation is  $y = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} a_r x^r$ .

4. Equate the coefficient of various powers of  $x$  to zero and determine  $a_2, a_3, a_4, \dots$  in terms of  $a_0, a_1$ .

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| a) 1 - 3 - 4 - 2 | b) 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 |
| c) 3 - 2 - 4 - 1 | d) 2 - 3 - 1 - 4 |

5. If  $f(x)=|x|$  is expanded as a Fourier series is  $(-\pi, \pi)$  then  $a_0$  is [K<sub>3</sub>]

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| a) $2\pi$  | b) $-\pi$ |
| c) $\pi^2$ | d) $\pi$  |

6. Z - Transform of  $(-1)^n$  is [K<sub>3</sub>]

- |                        |                          |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) $\frac{z}{z-1}$     | b) $\frac{z}{z+1}$       |
| c) $\frac{z^n}{z^n+1}$ | d) $\frac{z^n}{(z+1)^n}$ |

7. **Assertion(A):** The mean and variance of the moment generating function [K<sub>2</sub>]

$\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}e^t\right)^9$  are 3 and 2

**Reason(R) :** The moment generating function of binomial distribution is  $(q + pe^t)^n$  and its mean, variance are  $np, npq$  respectively.

- |                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) A is correct and R is not correct | b) A is wrong and R is correct |
| c) Both A and R are wrong            | d) Both A and R are correct    |

8. If a random variable X has the following probability distribution [K<sub>3</sub>]

Values of X = x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
p(x)	a	3a	5a	7a	9a	11a	13a	15a	17a

Then the value of a is

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a) $\frac{1}{81}$ | b) 81             |
| c) 1              | d) $\frac{1}{10}$ |

9. The inter arrival time in a queueing system follows a \_\_\_\_\_. [K<sub>1</sub>]

- |                         |                             |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) Poisson Distribution | b) Exponential distribution |
| c) Uniform distribution | d) Binomial distribution    |

10. Match the following: [K<sub>2</sub>]

In the Kendall's notation  $(a / b / c) : (d / e)$

List I		List II	
A	'e' stands for	1	Service distribution
B	'b' stands for	2	Arrival distribution
C	'a' stands for	3	Number of service channels
D	'c' stands for	4	Queue discipline

Codes:

	A	B	C	D
a)	2	3	1	4
b)	3	1	4	2
c)	4	1	2	3
d)	3	4	1	2

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. If  $u(x, t)$  is a function of  $x$  and  $t$ , prove that  $L\left[\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}\right] = s^2 U(x, s) - s u(x, 0) - u_t(x, 0)$ . [K<sub>3</sub>]
12. Write the D'Alembert's solution of wave equation. [K<sub>2</sub>]
13. Classify the singular points of the equation  $x^3(x-2)y'' + x^2y' + 6y = 0$ . [K<sub>3</sub>]
14. Write the generating function of Legendre polynomials. Hence find  $P_n(-1)$ . [K<sub>4</sub>]
15. Obtain the Discrete Fourier Transform  $\{x(n)\}$ , given that  $x(n) = a^n$ , for  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1$  and  $x(n+N) = x(n)$ . [K<sub>4</sub>]
16. Compute  $Z\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$ . [K<sub>3</sub>]
17. A random variable (continuous)  $X$  has a probability density function  $f(x) = 3x^2, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ . find 'a' such that  $P(x \leq a) = P(x > a)$ . [K<sub>3</sub>]
18. State any two properties of normal distribution. [K<sub>2</sub>]
19. Write Little's formula. [K<sub>1</sub>]
20. People arrive at a Theatre ticket booth in Poisson distributed arrival rate of 25 per hour. Service time is constant at 2 minutes. Calculate the mean waiting time in the waiting line. [K<sub>3</sub>]

**PART C (6 x 5 = 30 Marks)**

21. Reduce the following equation to canonical form and hence solve it. [K<sub>3</sub>]  
 $yu_{xx} + (x+y)u_{xy} + xu_{tt} = 0$ .
22. Show that  $e^{\frac{x}{z}\left(t-\frac{1}{t}\right)}$  is a generating function of Bessel's function. [K<sub>3</sub>]
23. Obtain the Fourier cosine series of  $f(x) = x$  in  $(0, 2)$ . [K<sub>4</sub>]
24. Using convolution theorem, find the inverse Z - Transform of [K<sub>3</sub>]  
 $\frac{z^2}{\left(z-\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(z-\frac{1}{4}\right)}$ .

25. After correcting the proof up to 50 pages of a book, the proof reader found that there are three errors per 5 pages. Use Poisson distribution and estimate the number of pages with 0, 1, 2, 3 error and more than 3 errors in a book of 1000 pages. [K<sub>3</sub>]
26. Customers arrive at a one – man barber shop according to a Poisson process with a mean inter – arrival time of 12 minutes. The customers spend an average of 10 minutes in the chair [K<sub>5</sub>]
- What is the expected number of customers in the shop and in the queue.
  - What percentage of time can arrivals walk straight into the barber’s chair without having to wait.
  - How much time can a customer expect to spend in the shop?
  - Find the average time spent in the queue.
  - Find the probability that there are more than 3 customers in the system.

**PART D (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)**

27. Using Laplace Transform technique, solve initial and boundary value problem described as PDE  $u_{xx} = \frac{1}{c^2} u_{tt} - \cos \omega t$ ;  $0 < x < \infty$ . [K<sub>5</sub>]  
 B.Cs:  $u(0, t) = 0$ ,  $u(x, t)$  is bounded as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ .  
 I.Cs:  $u(x, 0) = u_t(x, 0) = 0$ .
28. State and prove the Orthogonal property of Legendre’s polynomial. [K<sub>4</sub>]
29. Compute the moment generating function of geometric distribution and hence its mean and variance. [K<sub>4</sub>]
30. An automatic car wash facility operates with only one bay. Cars arrive according to a Poisson distribution with a mean of 4 cars / hr. and may wait in the facility’s parking lot if the bay is busy. Find  $L_s, L_q, W_s, W_q$ , if the service time. [K<sub>5</sub>]
- is constant and equal to 10 minutes.
  - follows uniform distribution between 8 and 12 minutes.
  - follows normal distribution with mean 12 minutes and S.D. 3 minutes.
  - follows a discrete distribution with values 4, 8 and 15 minutes with corresponding probabilities 0.2, 0.6 and 0.2.

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