



**M.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: DEC 2015**

(Regulation 2014)

Third Semester

**COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS**

P14COTE61: Communication Protocol Engineering

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. A protocol is a set of rules governing \_\_\_\_\_ in distributed systems. CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) Data communication b) flowchart  
 c) Interactions of concurrent processes d) semantics
2. The entities in the same layer of different machines are called as \_\_\_\_\_ CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) Peer entity b) End entity  
 b) Host entity d) Network entity
3. The number of states in FSM of sender process and data medium channel in ABP are CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) 2,4 b) 4,2  
 c) 3,4 d) 4,3
4. Match list I (Protocol specification languages) with list II (Its description) and select CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]  
 the correct answer using the codes given below.

List I	List II
A. SPIN Tool	i. parallel behaviour
B. Estelle	ii. Platform independent interface
C. UPPAAL	iii. Degree of confidence
D. CPN	iv. distributed and concurrent systems

- |    | A | B | C | D |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| a) | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| b) | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| c) | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| d) | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 |

5. Assertion (A): The complexity in eliminating ambiguity and preparing more CO3 [K<sub>4</sub>]

structured protocols is reduced.

Reason (R): Protocol verification and validation techniques use formal methods

- a) both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A      b) both A and R are individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false      d) A is false but R is true.

6. The classification of conformance testing are CO3 [K<sub>1</sub>]
- a) Mandatory, conditional, prohibitions requirements      b) Mandatory and optional requirements
- c) Conditional and optional requirements      d) Mandatory and conditional requirements
7. The test sequence generation methods are based in the generation of \_\_\_\_\_ CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]
- a) Transition sequence      b) Input/output sequence
- c) Distinguished sequence      d) All the above
8. In a IEEE802.3 ethernet with 40 stations assuming a poisson arrival with exponential packet length for data, the delay observed ranges between \_\_\_\_\_ with increase in active data sources. CO4 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- a) 2000 – 8000 ms      b) 4000 – 5000 ms
- c) 3000 – 5000 ms      d) 2000 – 4000 ms
9. Synthesis algorithm consists of CO5 [K<sub>2</sub>]
- a) Integrate SDL and generate SDL structure      b) Integrate MSC and Construct HMSC slices
- c) Integrate SDL and construct SDL structure      d) Integrate HMSC and construct MSC slices
10. Consider the following statements of Protocol Re-synthesis. CO5 [K<sub>2</sub>]
1. Re-synthesizing the  $P_{spec}$  for modified service specifications.
  2. Produce new synthesized PEs.
  3. Rules of atomic modification are applied to deal with every modification.
  4. Define atomic re-synthesis rules for every modification on service specification
- Which of these statements are correct?
- a) 1,2      b) 1,2,4
- c) 1,3      d) 1,2,3

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. Give an example of communication model and Mention the key tasks of CO1 [K<sub>L</sub>]

communication.

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|---|-----|-------------------|
| 12. Differentiate between packet switched and circuit switched networks.  | CO1 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 13. What is a service specification? Give an example.   | CO2 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 14. What are the different types of symbols used in SDL for declaration?  | CO2 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 15. Give liveness properties of a window flow control protocol.   | CO3 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 16. What are fair reachability graphs?  | CO3 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 17. What are the problems to be considered in conformance testing?  | CO4 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 18. What are different types of testing to be carried out for a protocol before implementing it into the systems? | CO4 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 19. Mention the features that characterize synthesis methods.   | CO5 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |
| 20. What is a basic meta model?   | CO5 | [K <sub>L</sub> ] |

**PART C (10 x 5 = 50 Marks)**

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|--|-----|-------------------|
| 21. Design a finite state machine for the message exchange protocol with channel errors.                   | CO1 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 22. Describe the various protocol operations of logical link control layer.                                | CO1 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 23. Give the FSMs of RSVP specifications at router and host level.   | CO2 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 24. Explain the features of specification languages other than SDL.  | CO2 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 25. Describe the protocol design errors with example.  | CO3 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 26. Compare the U method and D method of test sequence generation.   | CO4 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 27. Describe QoS testing with TTCN and MSC.  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 28. Explain how interoperability testing of a bridge which uses CSMA/CS and CSMA/CA protocol is performed. | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 29. Explain the protocol synthesis technique by using Global State Transition Graph.                       | CO5 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 30. Discuss on the steps of object based design of a protocol.   | CO5 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |

**PART D (2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**

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|--|-----|-------------------|
| 31. Give the system specifications of ABP and provide SDL specifications for all its blocks and processes. | CO2 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 32. Explain the protocol verification of TCP using appropriate FSM.  | CO3 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |

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