



**M.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: MAY 2016**

(Regulation 2015)

Second Semester

**COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS**

P15COT203:Advanced Radiation Systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1:** Describe the various types of microwave antennas.
- CO2:** Compare the various types of antenna arrays.
- CO3:** Design of patch antennas for given set of parameters.
- CO4:** Analyze and compare various types of antennas.
- CO5:** Compare various polarizations of Electro-magnetic fields emitted by the antennas.

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. An antenna of diameter D is operating at wavelength  $\lambda$ . The critical distance beyond which the electrostatic and inductive contribution to the radiated fields can be neglected is CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]
  - a)  $0.62 D^2 / \lambda$
  - b)  $2D^2 / \lambda$
  - c)  $D / \lambda^2$
  - d)  $0.62 \sqrt{D^3} / \lambda$

2. Match list I with list II and select the correct answer using the codes given below. CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]

List I	List II
A. Inhomogeneous Helmholtz equation	1. $4\pi U(\theta, \phi) / \int U d\Omega$
B. Retarded Vector Potential	2. $\Delta^2 F + K^2 F = -\epsilon M$
C. Directivity	3. $A = \int (\mu / 4\pi R) [J] dV$
D. Directive gain	4. $4\pi / \theta_E \theta_H Sr$

- a) 2 1 3 4
  - b) 3 4 1 2
  - c) 2 3 4 1
  - d) 3 1 2 4
3. The directivity of a linear, end fire, uniform array of 10 elements with a separation of  $\lambda/4$  between elements is CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]
    - a) 100 dB
    - b) 1 dB
    - c) 4 dB
    - d) 10 dB
  4. Consider the following statements with respect to antenna synthesis. CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]



C. Optical Telescopes	3. Aperture distribution method
D. Feed for reflectors	4. Cassegrain dual reflector system

a) 2 1 3 4

b) 3 4 1 2

c) 2 3 4 1

d) 3 1 2 4

9. A wave traveling normally out of the page has two linearly polarized components  $E_x=2 \cos \omega t$  ;  $E_y=3 \cos(\omega t+90^\circ)$ . The axial ratio and the rotation of E are CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]  
a) 1.5, Counter clockwise b) 0.67, Counter clockwise  
c) 1.5, Clockwise d) 0.67, Clockwise
10. Which type of polarization is mostly used for satellite radio communications? CO5 [K<sub>2</sub>]  
a) Elliptical polarization b) Circular polarization  
c) Random polarization d) Linear polarization

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

11. Review the principle of planar antenna. CO4 [K<sub>2</sub>]
12. Calculate the radiation resistance of a dipole antenna  $\lambda/8$  long. If the equivalent loss resistance accounting for the heat loss in the antenna due to the finite conductivity of the dipole or the losses in the associated dielectric structure is  $1.5\Omega$ , what is the efficiency of the antenna? CO4 [K<sub>3</sub>]
13. Compare broad side and end fire array. CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]
14. Outline the advantages and disadvantages of Binomial array. CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]
15. State the reasons for the preference of aperture antennas for space applications. CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]
16. Define the duality principle. CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]
17. List out the different configurations of microstrip antenna. Draw any two. CO3 [K<sub>2</sub>]
18. What is a dual reflector antenna? Give examples. CO1 [K<sub>2</sub>]
19. An elliptically polarized wave travelling in the +z direction in air has x and y components  $E_x = 2\sin(\omega t - \beta z)$  V/m,  $E_y = 4\sin(\omega t - \beta z + 75^\circ)$  V/m. Calculate the average power per unit area conveyed by the wave. CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
20. What are Stokes parameters? CO5 [K<sub>1</sub>]

**PART C (6 x 5 = 30 Marks)**

21. Derive the array factor expression of planar array. CO2 [K<sub>3</sub>]
22. Explain the principle of pattern multiplication and find the array factor of a two element array. CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]

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| 23. Derive the fields radiated from an elemental area of a uniform plane wave.   | CO4 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 24. Design a rectangular Micro strip antenna using a substrate with dielectric constant of 2.2, h = 0.1588 cm so as to resonate at 2.45 GHz. | CO3 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 25. Discuss the working principle of Parabolic reflector antenna with neat diagram.  | CO1 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 26. Explain the different types of polarization.   | CO5 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |

**Answer any FOUR Questions**  
**PART D (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)**

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|---|-----|-------------------|
| 27. Deduce expressions for electric field components and magnetic field of an alternating current element at a distance from the element. How does the field radiated at the far zone differ from that near zone? | CO4 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 28. Design a seven element broadside array which has the optimum pattern for a side-lobe-level of -20dB. The spacing between elements has to be $\lambda/2$ .   | CO2 | [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 29. Discuss in detail about Fraunhofer & Fresnel diffraction with a neat sketch.  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 30. What are the types of Horn antenna? Explain the basic principle and obtain the expressions for fields radiated by a Pyramidal horn antenna.   | CO1 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 31. Describe in detail the Poincare sphere representation of wave polarization.   | CO5 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |

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