



**B.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: MAY 2017**

(Regulation 2015)

Fourth Semester

**ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

U15ECT404: Electromagnetic Fields

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1:** Describe basic concepts of static electric and magnetic fields.  
**CO2:** Solve simple electrostatic and magneto static boundary problems.  
**CO3:** Analyze the effect of static electric and magnetic fields under various configurations.  
**CO4:** Describe Maxwell's equations for electromagnetic wave propagation.  
**CO5:** Explain the concept of wave propagation in various mediums.

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

1. Match the units of the following parameters.

CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]

List I		List II	
A. Free Space Permittivity		i. N	
B. Force		ii. N/C	
C. Electric Field Intensity		iii. F/m	
D. Volume Charge		iv. C/m <sup>3</sup>	

- |    | A   | B  | C   | D  |
|----|-----|----|-----|----|
| a) | ii  | i  | iii | iv |
| b) | iii | iv | ii  | i  |
| c) | ii  | iv | iii | i  |
| d) | iii | i  | ii  | iv |

2. The position vector of point P is the vector directed from \_\_\_\_\_ to point P.

CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]

- |                        |                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) origin              | b) any point in free space |
| c) any point in z axis | d) infinity                |

3. Relation between Torque and Moment is \_\_\_\_\_.

CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| a) m.B   | b) m X B |
| c) B X m | d) -m.B  |

4. The unit of magnetic field intensity is \_\_\_\_\_. CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) V/m b) A/m  
 c) C/m d) A/m<sup>2</sup>
5. Assertion (A): Capacitance is the ratio of the magnitudes of the total charge on any one of the two conductors and potential difference between the conductors. COL [K<sub>L</sub>]  
 Reason (R): Capacitance is not the function of charge, field intensity, flux density and potential difference.  
 a) Both A and R are Individually true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are Individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
 c) A is true but R is false d) A is false but R is true
6. Inductance of a coaxial cable is \_\_\_\_\_. CO3 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a)  $(\mu_0 d / 2\pi) \ln(a/b)$  b)  $(\mu_0 d / 2\pi) \ln(b/a)$   
 c)  $(d / 2\pi) \ln(b/a)$  d)  $(\mu_0 2\pi / d) \ln(b/a)$
7. The point form of Maxwell's second equation for the time varying field is derived from CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) Coulomb's square law b) Gauss's law  
 c) Faraday's law d) Ampere's circuital law
8.  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$  is the point form of Maxwell's equation for CO4 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) static field b) dynamic field  
 c) time varying field d) magnetic field
9. Assertion (A): For a perfect dielectric, both the fields E and H are in phase. CO5 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 Reason (R): For a lossy dielectric, both the electric and magnetic fields are not in time phase.  
 a) Both A and R are Individually true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are Individually true but R is not the correct explanation of A  
 c) A is true but R is false d) A is false but R is true
10. Depth of Attenuation constant of a good dielectric is \_\_\_\_\_. CO5 [K<sub>1</sub>]  
 a) 0.25 b) 0.36  
 c) 0.47 d) 0.58

**PART B (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**  
**(Answer not more than 40 words)**

11. Convert the point P(3,4,5) to Spherical coordinates. CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]
12. Relate Electric field intensity with force. CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]
13. Define Lorentz Force Equation and Torque. CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]

- |   |     |                   |
|---|-----|-------------------|
| 14. Differentiate scalar and vector magnetic vector potential.  | CO2 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 15. Define Magnetization.   | CO3 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |
| 16. If C1 = 100 mF and C2 = 50 mF, calculate the joint capacitance and total energy stored with the steady applied potential difference of 1000 V in each case. | CO3 | [K <sub>4</sub> ] |
| 17. State Faraday's law for a moving charge in a constant magnetic field.   | CO4 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |
| 18. Write the significance of displacement current density.   | CO4 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |
| 19. Define skin effect and Brewster angle.  | CO5 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |
| 20. List the properties of uniform plane wave.  | CO5 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |

**Answer any FIVE Questions:-**  
**PART C (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)**  
**(Answer not more than 300 words)**

**Q.No. 21 is Compulsory**

- |  |          |                          |
|--|----------|--------------------------|
| 21. Derive an expression for an electric field due to an infinite sheet of charge having uniform charge density $\rho_s$ C/m <sup>2</sup> , placed in xy plane cut a point P on z-axis at a distance of 'z' m from the origin. | CO1      | [K <sub>2</sub> ]        |
| 22. Using Biot-Savart law, develop the expression for magnetic field intensity at a point due to a infinite long straight filament carrying a steady current.  | CO2      | [K <sub>3</sub> ]        |
| 23. i) Derive the Capacitance for a Parallel Plate Capacitor using Laplace Equations.<br>ii) Derive the Continuity Equation for Current.   | (10) CO3 | [K <sub>2</sub> ]<br>(4) |
| 24. Derive Maxwell's equations in phasor form.   | CO4      | [K <sub>2</sub> ]        |
| 25. Briefly explain about the wave incident obliquely to the surface of perfect conductor.   | CO5      | [K <sub>2</sub> ]        |
| 26. Derive the expressions for energy stored, radiated power and complex Poynting vector.  | CO4      | [K <sub>2</sub> ]        |
| 27. Explain how the nature of E and D behave at the boundary between conductor and free space with necessary derivation.   | CO3      | [K <sub>2</sub> ]        |

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