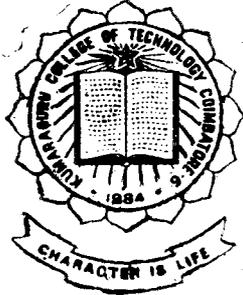


8086 Assembler in C

2-101



SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING IN
COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY AND
INFORMATICS ENGINEERING

SUBMITTED BY

Elangoban .D
Sarabanan .K .D
Sendhil Murugan .K

UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF

K. Alala, B.E(Hons)

Department of Computer Technology and Informatics Engineering

Kumaraguru College of Technology

Coimbatore-641 006

1989-90

Department of Computer Technology & Informatics Engineering

Kumaraguru College of Technology

Coimbatore-641 006

Certificate

This is to certify that the project entitled

8086 Assembler in C

has been submitted by

Mr.

In partial fulfilment for the Award of Bachelor of Engineering
in the Computer Technology & Informatics Engineering
Branch of the Bharathiar University, Coimbatore-641 006
During the Academic Year 1989-'90



Guide



Head of the Department

Certified that the candidate was Examined by us in the project work

Viva-Voce Examination held on and the University

Register Number was

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

Acknowledgement

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, we wish to thank our Principal **Prof.R.Palanivelu**, B.E., M.Sc. for his support and encouragement for completion of this project.

With due respects, we wish to thank our Head of Department **Prof.P.Shanmugam**, M.S. (Hawaii) for his valuable guidance and facilities provided for the successful completion of the project.

We would like to express our sincere gratitude and indebtedness to **Miss. K.Mala**, B.E. (Hons.) faculty CTI Department for her thought provoking inspiration and guidance with-out whom, this project would not have been completed.

Also we would like to express our sincere thanks to **Miss.G.Andal Jayalakshmi**, B.E. for giving us her valuable ideas towards the successful completion of the project.

Last but not the least we would like to thank all the faculty members of the CTI department who had lent their helping hands for the completion of the project.

Contents

CONTENTS

Chapter		Page No.
	SYNOPSIS	1
1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	ASSEMBLER	6
2.1	Introduction	
2.2	General Design Procedure	
2.3	Two Pass Assembler	
2.3.1	Functions of all assembler	
2.3.2	Data Structures	
2.3.3	Format of Data bases	
2.3.4	Algorithm	
2.3.5	Look for Modularity	
3	8086 PROCESSOR	12
3.1	Organization of the 8086	
3.2	Memory Organization	
3.3	Register Structure	
3.4	Addressing Modes	
3.5	Bus Structure	
3.6	Opcode Generation	

4	'C' LANGUAGE	22
4.1	About 'C'	
4.2	'C' for System Soft Ware Development	
5	SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT	27
5.1	Software Outline	
5.2	Flow Chart	
5.3	Trial Run	
5.3.1	Input	
5.3.2	Output	
6	CONCLUSION	40
	APPENDIX	
A.	Program Listing	42
B.	8086 Instruction Set	154
C.	Diagrams.	160
	BIBLIOGRAPHY	168

Synopsis

SYNOPSIS

Assembler is a system software that converts Assembly instructions to machine code. Our project named AS86 is an Assembler for 8086 machine. Which is developed in 'C' language. 'C' language is chosen because of its capability of accessing the memory and registers as a low level language. AS86 generates opcodes for data transfer, Processor Control, Control transfer, logic and arithmetic instructions involving registers and memory.

AS86 is a 2 pass Assembler. In the first pass, symbol table is created. Symbol table consist of lable and the corresponding addresses. In second pass opcodes are generated for each instruction. The address displacement for control transfer instructions are calculating by referring the symbol Table the output of the form.

Address Label Mnemonics Opcode is stored in an output file will be which mentioned by the user. When he runs the AS86, the Input should be kept as a file containing the mnemonics (ie) the assembly language program. The running environment can be included by simply typing AS86.

We have followed modular programming approach in designing AS86. AS86 contains separate functions for each mnemonics type.

The flow control will be transferred appropriately by function calls.

The Modular Programming otherwise called, the structured programming is a "Goto-less" programming which is followed in designing AS86 specifically, because such structured programming approach is required for quick understanding of the flow of the program.

Introduction

CHAPTER - 1

INTRODUCTION

We, in our system software have concentrated on producing opcode which is the main process in an assembler. The language 'C' which is generally used for system software development has been used for the development of our package.

8086 : Processor

The 8086 is a 16 bit processor that is available as a 40 pins integrated circuit which has thirteen 16 bit registers and nine flags. They are

1. General registers.
2. Pointer and index registers.
3. Segment register.
4. Instruction pointer and flags.

The various addressing modes available in the 8086 processor are

1. Register Addressing
2. Immediate Addressing
3. Direct Addressing

4. Indirect Addressing through an index or a base register
5. Indirect addressing through the sum of a base and an Index Register.

'C' Language

'C' Language was developed in the early seventies by programmers at Bell laboratories. 'C' language was designed by a small group of highly talented programmers. 'C' is a small language it is a structured language and it can be used to construct programs that execute very rapidly.

8086 Assembler in 'C'

The system software has been developed using structure and file operation. It is a two pass assembler in which mnemonics are stored in a structure (i.e.) mnemonics table. Input file is checked to find whether it is a label instruction (or) ordinary instruction if it is a label instruction pass. 1. function is called else the instruction is stored in temp file. In Pass I symbol table is created.

In pass 2 temporary file is opened and the mnemonics are compared with mnemonics table, if they match then the

corresponding function is called and the opcode is generated.
The opcode address generated are stored in the output file.

Assembler

CHAPTER - 2

ASSEMBLER

2.1 INTRODUCTION

At one time programmers found it difficult to write or read programs in a machine language. In their output for a more convenient language they began to use a mnemonic for each machine instructions, which they would subsequently translate into machine language such a mnemonic machine language is now called an assembly language. Programs known as assemblers were written to automate the translation of assembly language into machine language. The input to an assembler program is source program; the output is a machine language translations (Object program).

2.2 GENERAL DESIGN PROCEDURE

Before going in for the detailed design of an assembler let us examine the general problem of designing of software. The six main steps to be followed in the design procedure are given below.

1. Specify the problem.
2. Specify data structures.
3. Define format of data structures.

4. Specify algorithm.
5. Look for modularity.
6. Repeat 1 through 5 on modular.

2.3 TWO PASS ASSEMBLER

In assembly language program symbols can appear before they are defined so it is convenient to make two passes over the input. The first pass has only to define the symbols; the second pass can generate instructions and addresses.

2.3.1 Functions of an Assembler

An Assembler must do the following

1. Generate instructions.
 - a. Evaluate the mnemonic in the operation field to produce its machine code.
 - b. Evaluate the subfields-find the value of each symbol process literals.
2. Process pseudo ops.

We can group these tasks into two passes or sequential scans over the input.

Pass 1

1. Determine length of machine instructions (MOTGETI)
2. Keep track of location counter (LC)
3. Remember values of symbols until pass 2 (STSTO)
4. Process some pseudo ops.
5. Remember literals.

Pass 2

1. Look up value of symbols (STGET)
2. Generate instructions
3. Generate data
4. Process Pseudo ops

The step involved in pass 1 and pass 2 are outlined in fig. 2.1 and fig 2.2.

2.3.2 Data Structures

The second step in our design procedure is to establish data bases that we have to work with

1. Input source program.

2. A location counter (LC) used to keep track of each instructions location.
3. A table, the machine operation table MOT, that indicates the symbolic mnemonic for each instruction and its length.
4. A table, the pseudo operation table (POT) that indicate the symbolic mnemonic and action to be taken for each pseudo-op in pass 1.
5. A table the symbol (ST) that is used to store each label and it is corresponding values.
6. A table, the literal table (LT) that is used to store each literal encountered and its corresponding assigned location.
7. A copy of the input to be used later by pass 2.

Pass 2 Data bases

Many of the databases used in pass 1 are common to pass 2. Those of them not found in pass 1 but used in pass 2 are given below.

1. Copy of source program input to pass 1.
2. A base table, that indicates which registers are currently specified as base register by using pseudo-ops and what are the specified contents of these registers.
3. A work-space, INST, that is used to hold each instruction as it various parts are being assembled together.
4. A work-space, PRINTLINE, used to produce a printed listing.
5. A work space, pouch card used prior to actual outputting for converting the assembled instruction into format needed by the loader.
6. An output deck of assembled instruction in format needed by loader.

2.3.3 Format of Data bases

The third step in our design procedure is to specify the format and contents of each of data base.

The Pseudo operation table format has been shown in Fig. (2.3) in which each Pseudo-op is listed with an associated pointer to the assembler routine for processing Pseudo-op similarly other formats are specified.

2.3.4 Algorithm

The purpose of first pass is to assign a location to each instruction and data defining Pseudo-instruction and then to define values for symbols appearing in the lable fields of the source program.

After all the symbols have been defined by pass 1 it is possible to finish the assembly by processing each card and determining value for its operation code, and its operand field. In addition, pass 2 must structure the generated code into the appropriate format for later processing by loader, and print and assembly listing containing the original source and hexadecimal equivalent of the bytes generated.

2.3.5 Look for modularity

We now review our design looking for function that can be isolated. Typically such functions fall into two categories (1) multi-use and (2) unique likely choices for modularity are selected and listed each of these likely choice should go through the entire design process.

CHAPTER - 3
8086 PROCESSOR

3.1 ORGANIZATION OF THE 8086

8086 is a 16 bit processor that is available as a 40 pin integrated circuit. Three main organization in 8086 are

- * Memory organization.
- * Register Structure.
- * Addressing Modes.

which has been detailed discussed in the proceeding section.

3.2 MEMORY ORGANIZATION

The 8086 provides 20 lines on which address and data is multiplexed. The organization is shown in fig. 3.1. The ADO-AD15 are lines are used for transmitting 16 least significant bits of the 20 bit address. The remaining four most significant bits are transmitted over the A16-A19 lines.

One word of data, 16 bits is sent or received over the ADO-AD15 lines. The least significant byte of the word is transmitted on ADO-AD7 and the most significant byte on AD8-

AD15. When only a byte of data is transferred and not a complete word, then either AD0-AD7 or AD8-AD15 are used depending on which the byte corresponds to even or odd memory respectively so the largest address is $(2^{20}-1)$ which implies that a total of one million bytes can be addressed directly by 8086.

Addressing bytes and words

Most instructions of the 8086 operate both on byte and word operands. It is possible to move contents of the byte at location 02 to the AL register. It is also possible to move the contents of the word starting at location 02 to the AX Register.

Physically the memory can be viewed to be organized as two banks of 512 bytes each. The D0-D7 lines being used for data transfer involving the low bank and D8-D15 for high bank and there is involved data address transfer also so the A0 and BHE lines are used for determining one of these possible reference to memory which is shown in Table 3.1.

3.3 REGISTER STRUCTURE

The 8086 has thirteen 16 bit register and nine flags. The registers can be classified.

1. General Registers.
2. Pointer and Index Registers.
3. Segment Registers.
4. Instructions Pointer and Flags.

General Registers

The four general registers are used as operand in arithmetic and logic operation whose structure are as shown in fig. 3.2.

These registers can also be used as scartch pad while evaluating arithmetic expressions.

Pointers and Index Registers

These 16 bit registers serve to hold offsets of operands residing in the memory. The organization is shown in fig. 3.3 SP acts as stack points as in 8085. It points to the current top of the stack.

The BP register can be used for holding the offset of the base of a data area in the current stack segment. This enables accesses to variables within a procedure to be specified conveniently.

There are certain string operations provided by 8086. Typical amongst them is the one to move a string of bytes or words from one area to another. The SI and DI are used implicitly in such instructions.

Segment Registers

The 8086 memory is logically divided into several segments. In all there are four types of segments.

1. Code Segment
2. Data Segment
3. Stack Segment
4. Extra Segment.

Each segment can be at most 64 K bytes long. The starting address of currently active segments is contained in the segment registers. The CS, DS and ES contains respectively start of code, data stack and extra segments. The figure 3.4 illustrates segmentations.

The figure 3.4 shows four currently active code, data, stack and extra segments as pointed by the segment registers. Program instructions reside in the code segment, Data area of the program variables and constants may reside in the data

segment. Any stack used resides in the stack segment some data like string operated on by special instructions reside in the extra segment.

Instruction pointer and flags

The instruction pointer is a 16 bit register and points to the next instruction to be executed with in the current code segment it is automatically updated by the 8086 as program execution proceeds.

There are nine flags available as shown in figure 3.5. Based on the use of these flags it is possible to categorise them into status and control flags. Status flag such as CF (Carry) ZF (Zero) are generally set or (reset) after an arithmetic or logical instructions in executed control flags such as DF (Direction Flag). IF (Interrupt enable) and TF(Trace Flag). Control the execution of the 8086. The TF flag forces the 8086 to generate an interrupt after execution of each instruction.

3.4 ADDRESSING MODES IN 8086

Several powerful addressing modes are available for specifying the operands in an instruction there are

1. Register addressing
2. Immediate addressing
3. Direct addressing
4. Indirect addressing through an index or a base register

Indirect addressing through the sum of a base and an index register operands in memory can be specified using any of the addressing modes mentioned above.

Register Addressing

This is the simplest of all addressing mode for example.

```
MOV AL, BL    : Move contents of BL to AL
INC SI        : Increment SI content by 1
ADD AX, BX    : Add BX to AX and result is in AX
```

Immediate Addressing

Is as similar in 8085 examples of instructions using this mode are given below.

```
MOV AL, OF AH : Move OFAH to AL
ADD BX,4       : Add 4 to BX
```

Direct Addressing

The direct addressing mode is available in the 8086 a few of which are given below.

MOV AL, X : Move the 8 bit value of X of AL
MUL Y : Multiply contents of AX by the 16
bit value of Y

Indirect Addressing through Base or Index Register

It is possible to indirectly address is memory operand using any of the following four ways.

- * through an index register
- * through a base register
- * through an index register summed up with an 8 or 16 bit offset
- * through a base register summed up with an 8 or 16 bit offset.

Indirect Addressing through Sum of Base and Index Register

It is possible to form an indirect address in the 8086 using following modes.

- * sum of base and an index register
- * sum of base, index register and displacement.

3.5 BUS STRUCTURE

Bus Structure and Timing of 8086

In this section we shall discuss about the address data and control bus structure and timings for the 8086.

The signals available are as shown in fig. 3.6. several function depend on MN/\overline{MX} . When MN/\overline{MX} pin tied to VCC the 8086 is in minimum mode and when it is grounded in the 8086 is in the maximum mode.

Bus Interface and Execution Unit

The 8086 consists of two units which interact with each other to perform various functions. The bus interface unit (BIU) is responsible for transferring instruction and data, bytes between the processor and memory or I/O Devices. The other unit named execution unit perform instruction decoding and execution. The BIU fetches successive instruction bytes from the memory and inserts them into a 6 byte instruction queue. The EU remove instructions from this Queue, decodes and execute them. The BIU fetches the instruction bytes independent of the EU. In fact

whenever the bus is idle and there is space for atleast 2 bytes in the instruction Queue, the BIU would fetch 2 bytes pointed at by IP from the current code segment.

Using BIU and EU to perform bus operations and instruction executions independend of each other the 8086 is able to achieve a high degree of overlap between instruction execution and fetching. This architectural features of the 8086 is known as instruction pipeline. Pipelining is used to improve performance of the μ p.

3.6. OPCODE GENERATION

Opcodes are coded manually in 8086 which has a specific format to calculate opcode.

The format to calculate opcode is show in fig. 3.7. the coding could be explained with an example.

Coding MOV, SP, BX

This instruction will copy a word from the BX register to sp register. Consulting the instruction set in Appendix A. You find that the 6 bit opcode for this instruction 'is 100010. Make the W bit a 1 because you are moving a word. The D bit for this instruction may be some what confusing however since

two registers are involved you can think of the move as to sp, or from BX. If you think of the instruction as moving a word to sp, then make the D bit as 1 and put 100 in the REG field to represent sp. The mod field will be 11 to represent register addressing mode. Make the R/M field 011 to represent other register, BX. The resultant code for the instruction MOV SP, BX will be 1000101111100011. Figure 3.8 shows the meaning of all these bits.

• C ' Language

CHAPTER - 4

'C' LANGUAGE

4.1 ABOUT 'C'

'C' is a general purpose programming language. It has been closely associated with the UNIX system, since it was developed on that system and since UNIX and its software are written in 'C'. The language however is not tied to any one operating system or machine and although it has been called a "system programming language" because it is useful for writing operating system it has been equally well to write major numerical text processing and data-base programs.

'C' language was developed in the early seventies by an independent handful of programmers at Bell laboratories. 'C' language was designed by a small group of highly talented programmers. It was designed as a shorthand form of assembly language that offered a high degree of portability of expression.

'C' mainly deal with the same sort of objects that most computers do, namely characters, numbers, and addresses. These may be combined and moved about with the usual arithmetic and logical operations implemented by actual machines.

Similarly 'C' offers straight forward single thread control flow construction : tests, loops, grouping and subprograms .

'C' is a small language, it is a structured language and it can be used to construct programs that execute very rapidly. It has small number of statements and a compact set of functions would be early grasped.

'C' offers you access to machine level with a rare blend of efficiency and elegance 'C' is undoubtedly the language for most system programmers.

4.2 'C' FOR SYSTEM SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

There are humpty number of reasons for choosing 'C' for software development of which some are listed below.

'C' language is used mainly in commercial quality software development. Its portability, compactcode fast execution time and expressiveness are its strong points. It is used to address many different operating environment. 'C' language compiler offer a high degree of option that may be called upon to address many different operating situation.

Also because the data types and control structure provided

by 'C' are supported directly by most existing computers, the run-time library required to implement self-contained program is tiny.

Again because the language reflects the capabilities of current computer. 'C' programs tend to be efficient enough that there is no compulsion to write assemble language instead.

Also in 'C' the fundamental data objects are characters, integers of several sizes, and floating point numbers. In addition there is a hierarchy of derived data types created with pointer arrays structure, unions and functions.

'C' provides the fundamental flow-control constructions required for well structured programs. Statement grouping decision making (if) looping with the termination test at the top (while, for) or at the bottom (do) and selecting one of a set of possible cases (switch).

'C' provides pointer and the ability to do address arithmetic. Any function may be called recursively and its local variables are typically automatic or created a new with each invocation.

'C' also includes pascal when the emphasis on clearly structuring programs the programs in 'C' tend to be better much more understandable and therefore requires 'C' much less time to develop then the program written in earlier language such as COBOL and FORTRAN.

A Sample 'C' Program is an follows

```
While (True);  
Puts ("Input File Name");  
Gets ("Filename");  
If open (Filename, 0) = ERRoR))  
Continue;  
ELSE  
Break;
```

Since this language includes the facilities that are very close to machine language we can get fairly close to the machine which helps tremendously in making programs more efficeint when it comes to execution speed. In a sense we get the best both words, namely a high level language and machine language.

For these reasons 'C' has become the exceeding popular language today many compiler and themselves written in 'C' and so are many operation system such as UNIX.

Since the language 'C' speeds up both development and execution time our assembler is written in 'C'.

Software Development

CHAPTER - 5

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

This chapter outlines the development of software and gives a detailed algorithm. It has 2 sections which are

1. Software Outline.
2. Flow Chart.

5.1 SOFTWARE OUTLINE

This software includes files, pointers, structures and tables etc. For input, output and intermediate operations files are used. Each file operation includes a pointer in it. Structures are used here to store symbols and its corresponding addresses. Tables are used for searching the particular instructions etc.

First the program gets instruction from the input file and checks its fifth character to see whether it is a label instruction. If the fifth character of the instruction is going to be a ':' then it decides it is a label instruction. Then it calls the pass 1 function to check it is a correct Label and finds its corresponding address by calling the symbol function and then the rest of the instruction is stored in the temporary file. If the fifth character is not an ':' character then the instruction

is stored in the temporary file. Then pass 2 function is called.

Here the pass 1 function finds all the Labels and checks whether it is a correct label or not. The first character of a Label should be an alphabet. Rest of the characters may be a character (alphabet or digit) but it should not be an special character. Once the correct label is found then the corresponding instructions address also calculated by calling symbol function. All the Labels in the input file and its addresses are stored in the structure.

The function of pass 2 is to generate opcodes for each instruction which appear in the input file. Temporary file is the input file for pass 2. It takes only one instruction at a time and matches with the instructions stored in the label. Once there is a match found then it calls the corresponding function which will give the corresponding opcode for that particular instruction. This is stored in the output file.

In the case of unconditional Jump instructions, the Label is found and it is searched in the structure for matching. Once there is a match then the actual address is compared with the label address. If actual address is greater than the label address then the displacement is found and the two's complement for the displacement is placed at the jump instruction. Else the displacement is placed.

The format in the output file is ADDRESS LABEL MNEMONICS
OPCODE. The o/p file can be read through an Editor. The opcodes
generated can be run on the machine by creating the running
environment.

5.2 FLOW CHART

MAIN

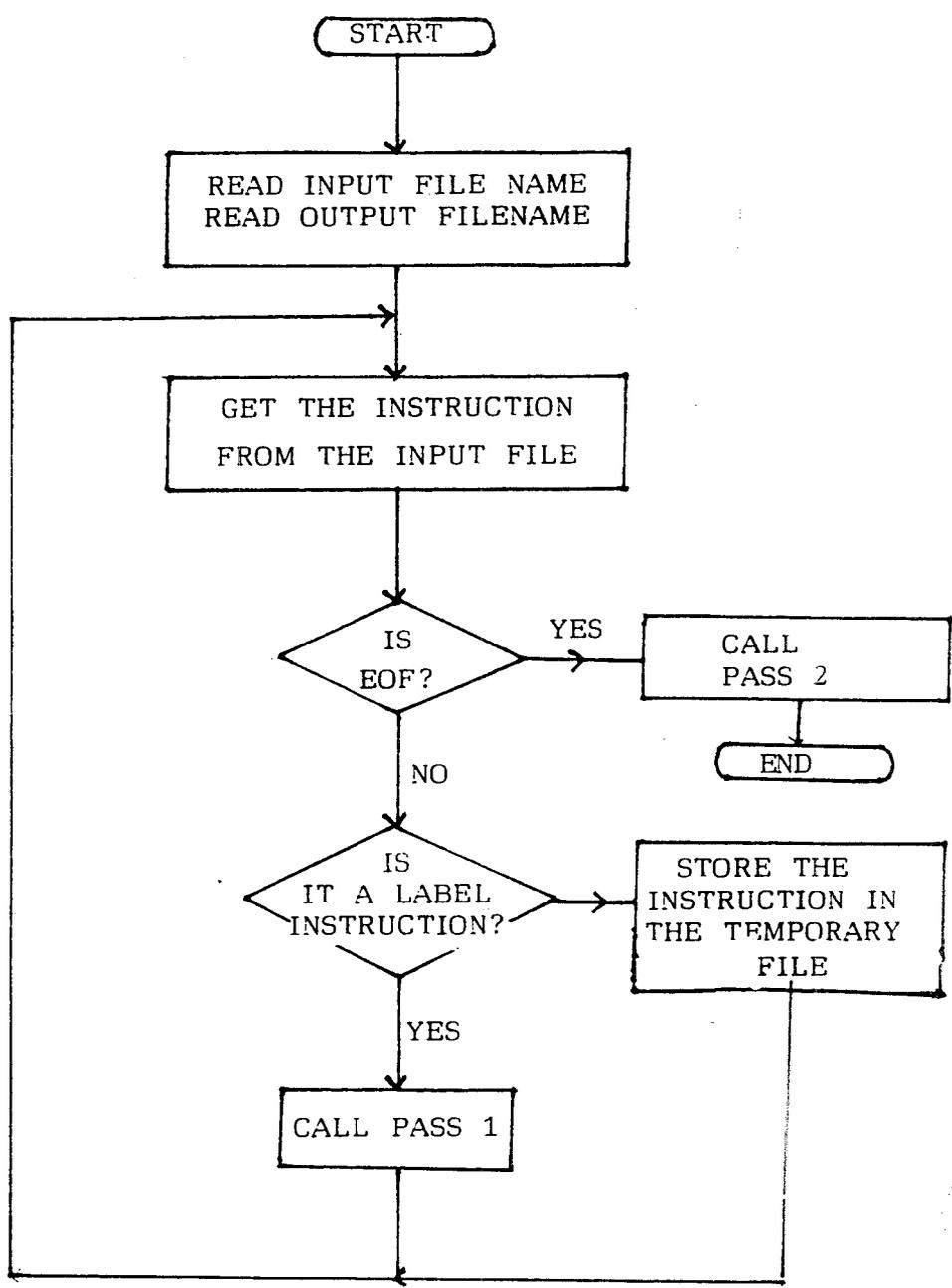


FIG. 5.1.

This software includes 4 major flow charts with it. Which are shown in the following diagrams.

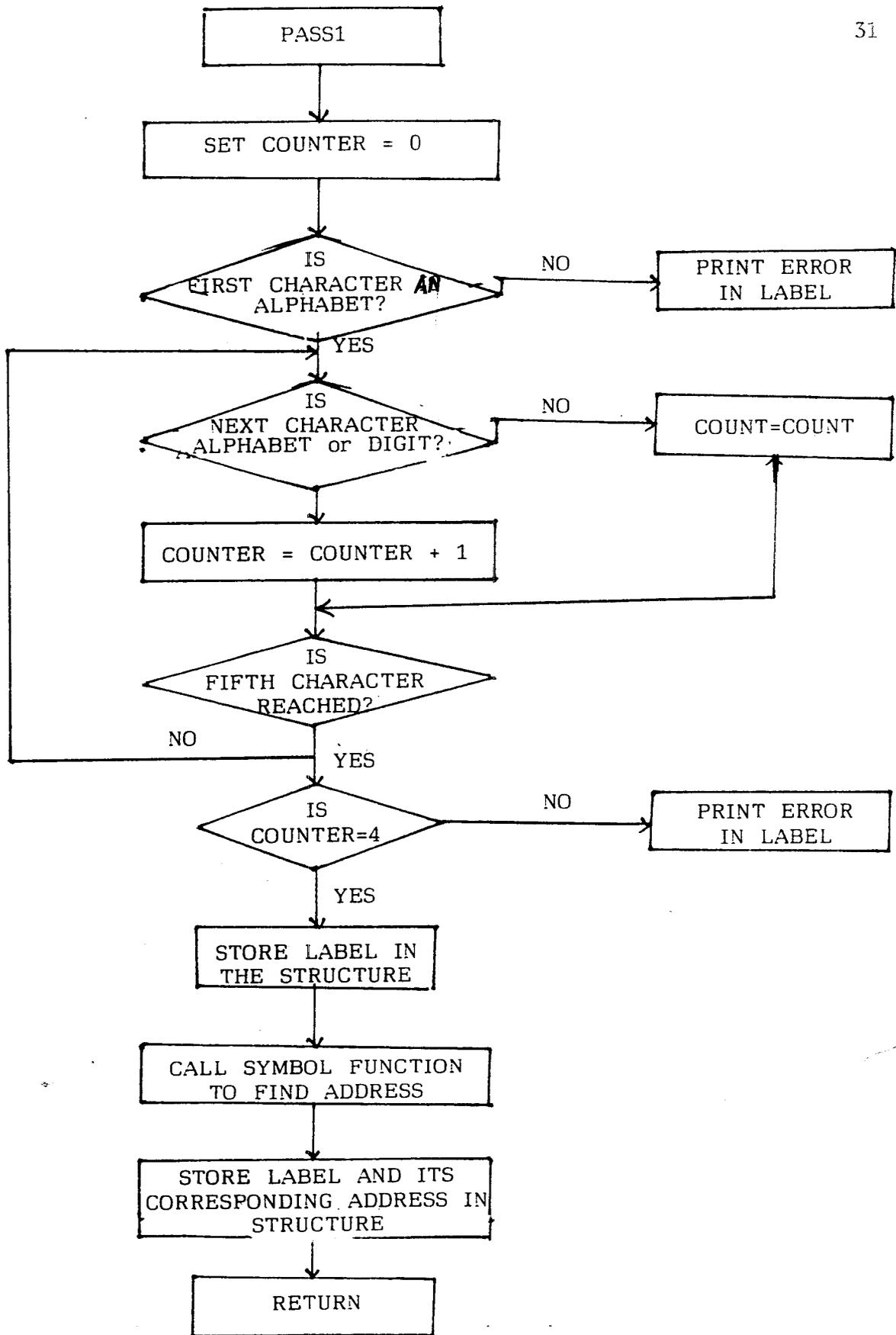


FIG. 5.2.

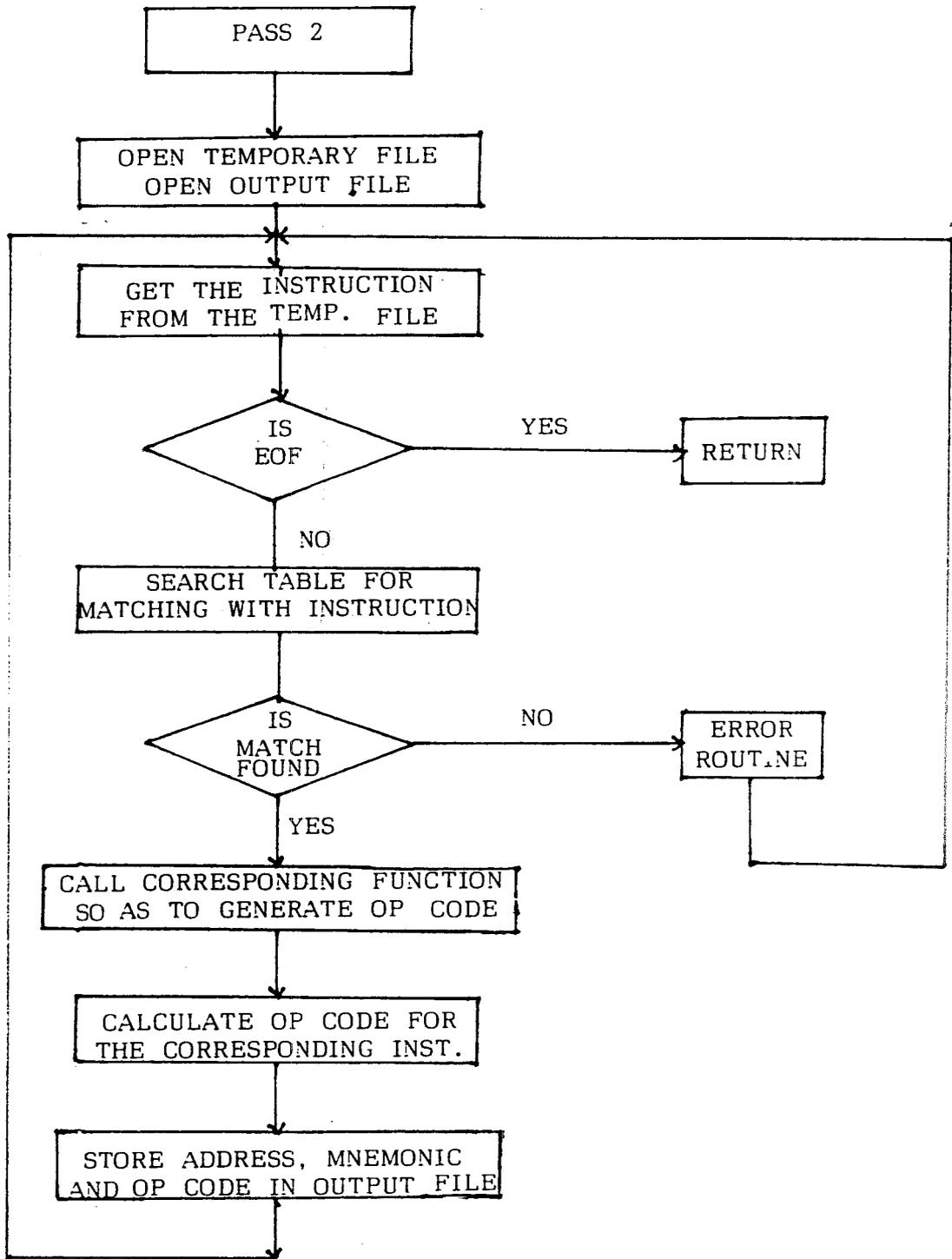


FIG. 5.3

JUMP FLOWCHART

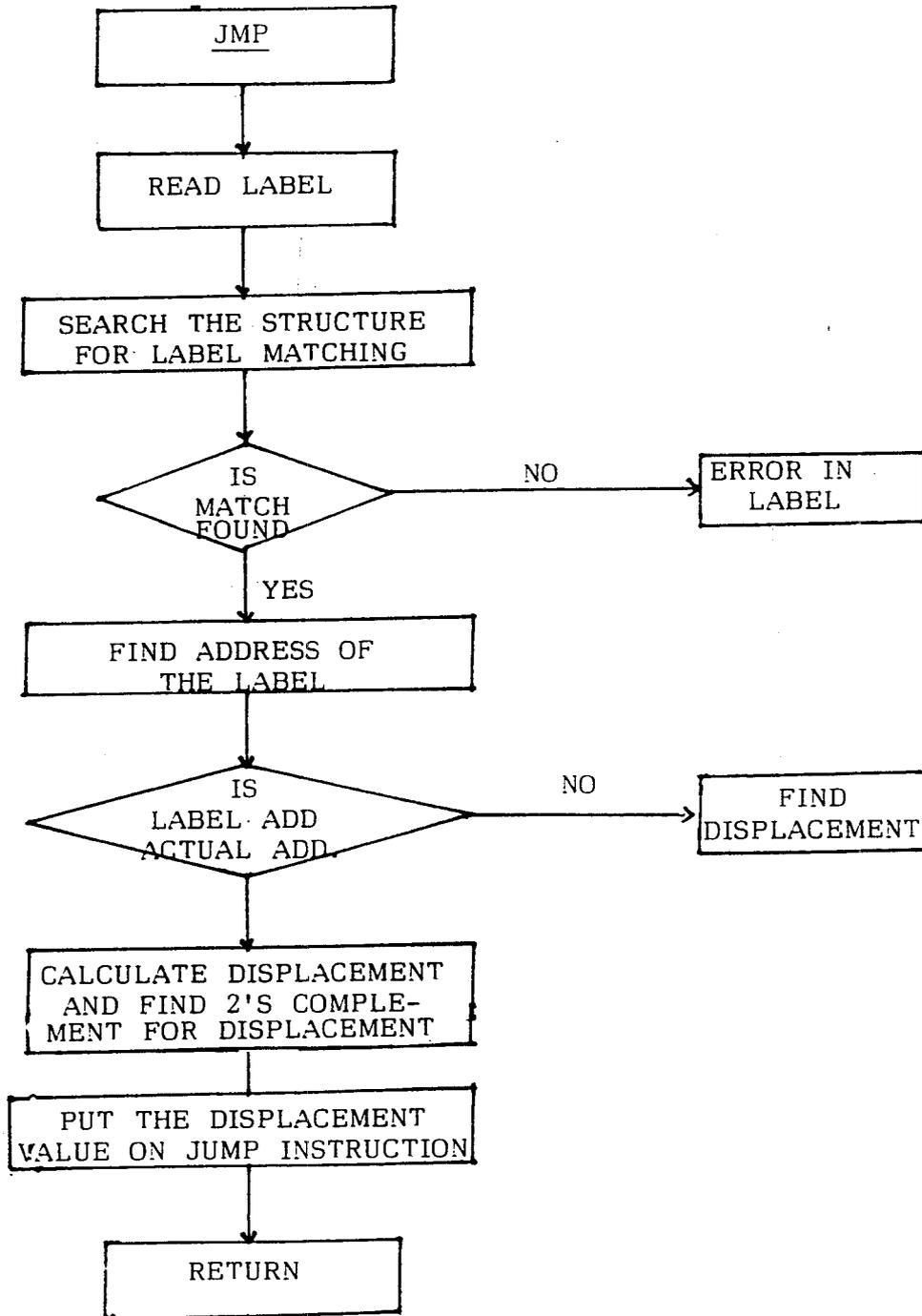


FIG. 5.4

5.3 TRIAL RUN

5.3.1 INPUT

Input File-1

```
mov ax,1000
mov bx,1000
add ax,bx
mov dx,ax
add dx,2000
mul ax
xor cx,dx
test dx,bx
cmp ax,8000
and bx,dx
stc
sub ax,dx
sbb ax,0060
inc ax
adc bx,0400
cmc
clc
or ax,bx
hlt
```

Input File-2

```
clc
mov ax,1000
mov bx,ax
mul bx
wait
aam
loop1:add ax,bx
or ax,bx
mov sp,bx
mov si,bx
dec ax
jmp loop1
hlt
```

Input File-3

```
mov dx,0050
mov bp,1000
sub bp,dx
mov ax,0020
jmp loop2
dec ax
sbb ax,dx
das
loop2:test ax,0010
or ax,bp
push ax
pop ax
hlt
```

5.3.2 OUTPUT

Output File-1

```

*****
ADDRESS      LABEL      MNEMONICS          OPCODE
*****
1000
1004          mov ax,1000        C7    0    10  00
1008          mov bx,1000        C7    3    10  00
100B          add ax,bx          3    C3
100A          mov dx,ax          8B    D0
100C          add dx,2000        83    2    20  00
1010          mul ax             F7    40
1012          xor cx,dx          8B    CA
1014          test dx,bx         85    D3
1016          cmp ax,8000        83    38    80  00
101A          and bx,dx          23    DA
101C          stc                F9
101D          sub ax,dx           2B    C2
101F          sbb ax,0060        83    18    00  60
1023          inc ax              40
1024          adc bx,0400        83    13    04  00
1028          cmc                FF
1029          clc                F8
102A          or ax,bx           B    C3
102C          hlt                74

```

Output File-2

```

*****
ADDRESS    LABEL    MNEMONICS          OPCODE
*****
1000                c1c                F8
1001                mov ax,1000        C7    0    10    00
1005                mov bx,ax          8B    DB
1007                mul bx             F7    43
1009                wait              FA
100A                aam                FD
100B    loop1        add ax,bx          3     C3
100D                or ax,bx           B     C3
100F                mov sp,bx          8B    E3
1011                mov si,bx          8B    F3
1013                dec ax             48
1014                jmp loop1          D9    F4
1016                hlt                74

```

Output File-3

```

*****
ADDRESS      LABEL      MNEMONICS                OPCODE
*****
1000                mov dx,0050                C7    2    00 50
1004                mov bp,1000                C7    5    10 00
1008                sub bp,dx                   2B    EA
100A                mov ax,0020                C7    0    00 20
100E                jmp loop2                   D9    0
1010                dec ax                       4B
1011                sbb ax,dx                   1B    C2
1013                das                          FC
1014      loop2      test ax,0010                F7    0    00 10
1018                or ax,bp                     B    C5
101A                push ax                      50
101B                pop ax                       58
101C                hlt                          74

```

Conclusion

CHAPTER - 6

CONCLUSION

The Assembler package was developed in the DOS Environment. The package named AS86 works successfully for a certain set of instructions.

AS86 has been developed to cover all instructions in the 8086 processor. We have included all instructions involving register to register and memory instruction.

Structures and file pointers have been used to speed up the generation of opcode. The user just specifies the input program in an input file (file name of his choice). The AS86 does the remaining and gives a fulformatted output in the output file.

Control transfer instructions have been included in the software ie., forward and backward looping instructions like jump in the II pass.

The software aimed at generating opcode for all instructions has been done and provision been made to include other leftout instruction.

Appendix

```

#include <graphics.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define ESC 0x1b
char c;
int col,l=0,k;
struct viewporttype vp;
int maxx,maxy;
main()
{
    int GraphDriver = CGACO,GraphMode;

    initgraph(&GraphDriver,&GraphMode,"");
    maxx = getmaxx();
    maxy = getmaxy();

    setviewport(0,0,maxx,maxy,1);
    getviewsettings(&vp);
    setcolor(3);
    setbkcolor(LIGHTCYAN);
    rectangle(0,0,vp.right-vp.left,vp.bottom-vp.top);

    for(k=0;k<=80;k=k+5) {
        rectangle(5+k,5+k,vp.right-vp.left-k,vp.bottom-vp.top-k);
        delay(200); }
    settxtstyle(GOTHIC_FONT,HORIZ_DIR,3);
    outtextxy(160,90," s y s t e m   s o f t w a r e");
    delay(10000);
    cleardevice();
    for(k=0;k<=10000;k++){
        putpixel(random(maxx),random(maxy),1); delay(1); }
    delay(1000);
    cleardevice();
    setbkcolor(YELLOW);
    setfillstyle(10,1);
    settxtstyle(TRIPLEX_FONT,HORIZ_DIR,2);
    bar(0,0,vp.right-vp.left,vp.bottom-vp.top-30);
    outtextxy(140,35,"WELCOME TO THE 8086 ASSEMBLER DEMO");
    settxtstyle(DEFAULT_FONT,HORIZ_DIR,1);
    delay(500);
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-110,"BY");
    delay(100);
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-100,"ELANGO VAN");delay(500);
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-90,"SARAVANAN");delay(500);
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-80,"SENDHIL MURUGAN");delay(500);
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-30,"Esc Aborts, Press a Key to
    cont.....");
    c=getch();

    escfn(1);
    outtextxy(200,10,"INSTRUCTION FORMAT");
    delay(1000);
    outtextxy(20,30,"MOV reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,40,"MOV reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,50,"ADD reg,reg"); delay(300);

```

```

    outtextxy(20,60,"ADD reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,70,"SUB reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,80,"SUB reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,90,"ADC reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,100,"ADC reg,memory");delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,110,"SBB reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(20,120,"SBB reg,memory");delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,30,"AND reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,40,"AND reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,50,"CMP reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,60,"CMP reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,70,"TEST reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,80,"TEST reg,memory");delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,90,"XOR reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,100,"XOR reg,memory");delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,110,"OR reg,reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(210,120,"OR reg,memory"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,30,"PUSH reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,40,"POP reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,50,"INC reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,60,"DEC reg"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,70,"HLT"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,80,"JMP label"); delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,90,"MUL reg");delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,100,"CLC");delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,110,"CMC");delay(300);
    outtextxy(420,120,"STC");delay(300);
    outtextxy(520,60,"WAIT");delay(300);
    outtextxy(520,70,"AAS");delay(300);
    outtextxy(520,80,"DAS");delay(300);
    outtextxy(520,90,"AAM");delay(300);
    c=getch();
    closegraph();
}

escfn(col)
{
if(ESC == c)
{
    closegraph();
    exit(1);
}
else
{
    cleardevice();
    setcolor(1);
    if(col == 1)
    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    else if(col == 2)
    setbkcolor(BROWN);
    else { setbkcolor(CYAN);
          setfillstyle(0,1); }
    settextstyle(DEFAULT_FONT,HORIZ_DIR,1);
}
}

```

```
    bar(0,0,vp.right-vp.left,vp.bottom-vp.top-30);  
    outtextxy(maxx/2,maxy-30,"Esc Aborts, Press a Key to  
Cont....");  
  }  
}
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int i,j,s,w,op[10],e,q1,v,k;
int ax,cx,dx,bx,sp,bp,si,di,o1,o2,addr=0x1000;
char *p,*p1,infile[30],outfile[30],m[80],n[80],c;
struct label
{
    char name[10];
    int locat;    }    lab[15];
struct mne
{
    char mnemo[80];
    int index;
    int bit;
};
struct mne tab[] = {
    "mov ",1,4,
    "add ",2,4,
    "sub ",3,4,
    "cmp ",4,4,
    "test ",5,5,
    "inc ",6,4,
    "dec ",7,4,
    "push ",8,5,
    "pop ",9,4,
    "xor ",10,4,
    "or ",11,3,
    "and ",12,4,
    "sbb ",13,4,
    "adc ",14,4,
    "jmp ",15,4,
    "mul ",16,4,
    "clc",17,3,
    "cmc",18,3,
    "stc",19,3,
    "wait",20,4,
    "aas",21,3,
    "das",22,3,
    "aam",23,3,
    "hlt",24,3
};

FILE *fp,*fi,*ft;
FILE *fp1;
FILE *fp3;
main()
{
    char m[80];
    clrscr();
    printf("NAME OF THE INPUT FILE:    ");
    scanf("%s",infile);
    printf("NAME OF THE OUTPUT FILE :    ");
    scanf("%s",outfile);
    fi = fopen(infile,"r");

```

```

ft = fopen("temp","w");
clrscr();
fgets(m,80,fi);
while(!feof(fi))
{
    i=0;
    p=m; p1=m;
    if(m[5] == ':')
    { v=0;
      pass1();
        for(i=6;m[i]!='\n';i++)
          fprintf(ft,"%c",m[i]);

        fprintf(ft,"\n");
    }
    else
    { v=1;
      fprintf(ft,"%s",m);
    }
    symbol1();
    fgets(m,80,fi);
} /* end of while */
fclose(fi);
fclose(ft);
addr= 0x1000;
pass2();
} /* end of main */

```

```

pass2()
{
    fp1 = fopen("temp","r");
    fp3 = fopen(infile,"r");
    fp = fopen(outfile,"w");
    fprintf(fp,"*****\n");
    fprintf(fp," ADDRESS LABEL MNEMONICS OPCODE\n");
    fprintf(fp,"*****\n\n");
    fgets(m,80,fp1);
    fgets(n,80,fp3);
    while(!feof(fp1))
    {
        p=m;
        i=0;

        while(strncmp(p,tab[i].mneo,tab[i].bit) != 0)
            i+=1;
        switch(tab[i].index)
        {
            case 1:
                movfn();
                break;
            case 2: addfn();
                break;

```

```

        fprintf(fp,"%c",m[i]);
        if(w==2)
            fprintf(fp,"\t\t%10X",op[1]);
        else
            fprintf(fp,"\t%10X%5X\t",op[1],op[2]);
        if(w==0)
            fprintf(fp,"%5c%c\t%c%c",op[3],op[4],op[5],op[6]);
        fprintf(fp,"\n");
        fgets(m,80,fp1);
        fgets(n,80,fp3);
        locfn();
        w = 1;
    }

    fclose(fp);
    fclose(fp1);
    fclose(fp3);
}

pass1()
{
    int q1=0,ct=0;
    if(isalpha(*p))
    {
        for(i=1;i<5;i++)
        {
            p=p+1;
            if(isalpha(*p) || isdigit(*p))
                ct=ct+1;
        }
        if(ct ==4)
        {
            p=p-4;
            for(i=0;i<5;i++)
            {
                lab[q1],name[i] =*p;
                *p++;
            }
            lab[q1],locat =addr;
            q1++;
        }
    }
}

symbol1()
{
    i=0;
    if(v==1){
        while(strncmp(p1,tab[i].mneo,tab[i].bit) != 0)
            i+=1;
    }
    else {

```

```

        p1 =p1 +6;

        while(strncmp(p1,tab[i].mmemo,tab[i].bit) != 0)
            i+=1;
    }

    e= s = tab[i].index;
    if((s==6)    ||(s==7)    ||(s==8)    ||(s==9)    ||(s==17)
    ||(s==18) ||(s==19))
    e=6;
    if((s==20) ||(s==21) ||(s==22) ||(s==23) ||(s==24))
        e =6;

    switch(e) {
        case 6:
            addr = addr + 0x01;
            break;
        case 5:

            if((isxdigit(m[9]))||(isxdigit(m[15])

            addr = addr +0x04;
            else addr = addr +0x02;
        case 15:
            addr = addr +0x02;
            break;
        case 11:
            if((isxdigit(m[7]))||(isxdigit(m[13])

            addr=addr +0x04;
            else addr=addr+0x02;
            break;

        default:

            if((isxdigit(m[8]))||(isxdigit(m[14])

            addr = addr +0x04;
            else addr = addr +0x02;
            break;
    }
}

jmpfn()
{
    char aaa[10];
    int var1,temp;
    op[1]=0xd9;
    p=p+4;
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    {
        aaa[i] =*p;
        p=p+1;
    }
    aaa[i] = '\0';
    i=0;

    while(strcmp(lab[i].name,aaa) !=0) {
        i++;
    }
    var1= lab[i].locat;
    if(addr >var1)

```

```

    {
        temp=addr-var1;
        temp=255-temp;
        op[2]=temp;
    }
    else
    {
        temp=var1-addr;
        op[2]=temp;
    }
}

movfn()
{
    p+=4;
    switch(*p++)
    {
    case 'a':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
            movafn();
            break;
    case 'c':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
            movcfn();
            break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
            movdfn();
        else
            movdifn();
            break;
    case 'b':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
            movbfm();
        else
            movbpfm();
            break;
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
            movspfn();
        else
            movsifn();
            break;
    default:
        break;
    }
}

inme()
{

```

```

        p = p+1;
        if(isxdigit(*p))
        { *p++;
          if(isxdigit(*p))
            w = 0;
          else w = 1; }
        else{
          *p++;
          w = 1;}
        p = p-1; }

movafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0c <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
        op[2] =0x00;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc1;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xc2;
            }
            else {
                op[2] =0xc7;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xc5;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
}
movcfn()
{
    inme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0c <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
        op[2] =0x01;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xca;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcf;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xcb;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xcd;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xcc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
}
movdfn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x0c << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x07;
        op[2] = 0x02;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd1;
            }
            break;

```

```

case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
movbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0c <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x07;
        op[2] =0x03;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p:*p++;
        op[5] = *p:*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xde;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
movspfn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x0c <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x07;
        op[2] = 0x04;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;

```

```

case 1 :
    op[1] =0x08 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] =0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe7;
    }

    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
movbpfm()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0c <<4;

```

```

op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
op[2] =0x05;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1 :
    op[1] =0x08 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xeb;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xee;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xef;
    }
    break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}

```

```

    }
    }
movsifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0c <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
        op[2] =0x06;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xf5;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xf4;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf2;
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xfc;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xfe;
        }
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
addfn()
{
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        addafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        addcfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        adddfn();
    else
        adddifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        addbfm();
    else
        addbpfm();
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        addspfn();
    else
        addsifn();
    break;
default:
    break;
}
}
}

```

```

    }
}

addafn()
{
    inme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :
            op[1] =0x08 <<4;
            op[1] =op[1] !0x03;
            op[2] =0x00;
            op[3] =*p;
            *p++;
            op[4] = *p;*p++;
            op[5] = *p;*p++;
            op[6] = *p;
            break;
        case 1:
            op[1] =0x00 << 4;
            op[1] =op[1] !0x03;
            switch(*p++)
            {
                case 'c':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xc1;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'd':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xc2;
                    }
                    else {
                        op[2] =0xc7;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'h':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xc3;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        op[2] =0xc5;
                    }
                    break;
                case 's':
                    if(*p++ == 'p')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xc4;
                    }
                    else

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xc6;
        }
        break;
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
                break;
    }
}
}
}
addefn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :
            op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
            op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
            op[2] = 0x01;
            op[3] = *p;
            *p++;
            op[4] = *p; *p++;
            op[5] = *p; *p++;
            op[6] = *p;
            break;
        case 1:
            op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
            op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
            switch(*p++)
            {
                case 'a':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xc8;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'd':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xca;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xcf;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'b':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xcb;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xcd;
                    }
                    break;
            }
    }
}

```

```

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xcc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}
adddfn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x03;
        op[2] = 0x02;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd1;
            }
            break;
        case 'h':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] = 0xd5;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        break:
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xd6;
    }
    break:
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break:
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");

    break:
    }
    }
}
addbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
case 0 :
    op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
    op[1] = op[1] ! 0x03;
    op[2] = 0x03;
    op[3] = *p;
    *p++;
    op[4] = *p;*p++;
    op[5] = *p;*p++;
    op[6] = *p;
    break:
case 1:
    op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
    op[1] = op[1] ! 0x03;
    switch(*p++)
    {
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd8;
    }
    break:
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd9;
    }

```

```

        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xde;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}

addspfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x04;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {

```

```

        op[2] =0xe0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] =0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe7;
    }

    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
adbbpfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x05;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;

```



```

op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
op[2] =0x06;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}

```

```

    }
    }
adddifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x07;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xfb;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xfd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xfc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xfe;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xfa;
        }
        break;
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
subfn()
{
    p+=4;
    switch(*p++)
    {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
                subafn();
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
                subcfnc();
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
                subdfnc();
            else
                subdifnc();
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
                subbfnc();
            else
                subbpfn();
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
                subspfn();
            else
                subsifnc();
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
}

subafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :

```

```

op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] !0x03;
op[2] =0x28;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] !0x2b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc1;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc2;
    }
    else {
        op[2] =0xc7;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}

```

```

subcfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x29;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x2b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xca;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcf;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xcb;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xc6;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xce;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        break;
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
                break;
    }
}
}
subdfn()
{
    inme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :
            op[1] =0x08 <<4;
            op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
            op[2] =0x0a;
            op[3] =*p;
            *p++;
            op[4] = *p;*p++;
            op[5] = *p;*p++;
            op[6] = *p;
            break;
        case 1:
            op[1] =0x00 << 4;
            op[1] =op[1] |0x2b;
            switch(*p++)
            {
                case 'a':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xd0;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'c':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xd1;
                    }
                    break;
                case 'b':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xd3;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        op[2] =0xd5;
                    }
                    break;
                case 's':
                    if(*p++ == 'p')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xd4;
                    }
                    else
                    {

```

```

        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
subbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x0b;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x2b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {

```

```

        op[2] = 0xdc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xde;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
subspfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x2c;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x2b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xe3;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xe5;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
subbpfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x2d;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x2b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe8;
            }

```

```

        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xeb;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xee;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xef;
    }
    break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
subsfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x03;
        op[2] = 0x0e;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p:*p++;
        op[5] = *p:*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;

```

```

        op[1] =op[1] !0x2b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }

    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
subdifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x03;
        op[2] =0x0f;

```

```

op[3] = *p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p; *p++;
op[5] = *p; *p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
    op[1] = op[1] | 0x2b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}

```

```

cmpfn()
{
printf("inside subfn");
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        cmpafn();
        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        cmpcfn();
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        cmpdfn();
    else
        cmddfnn():
        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        cmpbfnn():
    else
        cmdbfnn():
        break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        cmospfn():
    else
        cmospfn():
        break;

default:
    break;

}
}

```

```

cmpafn()
{
    imme():
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x03;
        op[2] = 0x38;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p:*p++;
        op[5] = *p:*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:

```

```

    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x3b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc0;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc2;
    }
    else {
        op[2] =0xc7;
    }
    break;
case 'h':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'd')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}
}
cmpcfn()
{
    inne();
switch(w) {
case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
op[2] =0x39;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;

```

```

op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
    op[1] = op[1] | 0x3b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc8;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xca;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xcf;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xcb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xcd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xcc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}
cmpdfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {

```

```

case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
op[2] =0x3a;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x3b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");

```

```

        break;
    }
}
}

cmpbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x3b;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x3b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xde;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```



```

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
cmpbpfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x3d;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x3b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xeb;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xee;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xef;
    }
    break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
cmpsifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x3e;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x3b;
    switch(*p++)
    {
    case 'a':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xf0;
        }
        break;

```

```

case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
cmpdifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x3f;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x3b;

```

```
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}

testfn()
{
p+=5;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
```

```

        printf("calling test");getch();
        testafn();
        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        testcfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        testdfn();

    else
        testdifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        testbfm();
    else
        testbpfm();
    break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        testspf();
    else
        testsif();
    break;
default:
    break;

    }
}

```

```

testafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0f <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
        op[2] =0x00;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x85;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xc0;
        }
        break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xc2;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xc7;
        }
        break;
    case 'b':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xc3;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xc5;
        }
        break;
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xc4;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xc6;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
            break;
        }
    }
}
testcfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x0f <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x07;
        op[2] = 0x01;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;

```

```
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0f <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x07;
        op[2] =0x03;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x85;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xde;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xda;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xdf;
            }
        }
    }
```

```

        break;
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
testspfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x0f <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
        op[2] =0x04;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x85;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xe0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xe3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xe5;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'i')
            {
                op[2] =0xe6;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':

```

```

        op[2] = 0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xee;
    }
    break:
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xef;
    }

    break:
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break:
}
}
}
testsifn()
{
    imne():
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x0f << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] ! 0x07;
        op[2] = 0x06;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p * p++;
        op[5] = *p * p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break:
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] ! 0x85;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf0;
            }
            break:
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf1;
            }
            break:
        case 'h':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] =0xf3;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] =0xf5;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
testdifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :
            op[1] =0x0f <<4;
            op[1] =op[1] |0x07;
            op[2] =0x07;
            op[3] =*p;
            *p++;
            op[4] = *p;*p++;
            op[5] = *p;*p++;
            op[6] = *p;
            break;
        case 1:
            op[1] =0x00 << 4;
            op[1] =op[1] |0x85;
            switch(*p++)
            {
                case 'a':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] =0xf8;
                    }
            }

```

```

        break;
    case 'c':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xf9;
        }
        break;
    case 'b':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xfb;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xfd;
        }
        break;
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xfc;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xfe;
        }
        break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xfe;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
}
}
}
}
mulfn()
{
w = 1;
m[6]=' ';m[7]=' ';m[8]='\n';
p+=4;
op[1] = 0xf0 ;
op[1] = op[1]|0x07;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[2] = 0x40;
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```
        op[2] = 0x41;
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[2] = 0x42;
    else
        op[2] = 0x47;
        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[2] = 0x43;
    else
        op[2] = 0x45;
        break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        op[2] = 0x44;
    else
        op[2] = 0x46;
        break;

default:
    break;

    }
}

incfn()
{
w = 2;
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x40;
        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x41;
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x42;
    else
        op[1] = 0x47;
        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x43;
    else
        op[1] = 0x45;
        break;
}
```



```

{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x50;
        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x51;
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x52;
    else
        op[1] = 0x57;
        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x53;
    else
        op[1] = 0x55;
        break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        op[1] = 0x54;
    else
        op[1] = 0x56;
        break;
default:
    break;

}

}
    popfn()
{
w = 2;
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x58;
        break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x59;
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        op[1] = 0x5a;
    else
        op[1] = 0x5f;
        break;
case 'b':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'x')
            op[1] = 0x5b;
        else
            op[1] = 0x5d;
            break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        op[1] = 0x5c;
    else
        op[1] = 0x5e;
        break;

default:
    break;

    }

}

clcfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xf8; }

stcfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xf9;
}

waitfn()   {
w=2;
m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xfa; }

aasfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xfb; }

dasfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xfc; }

aamfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1] =0xfd; }

cmcfn()
{
w=2;
m[3]=' ';m[4]=' ';m[5]='\n';
op[1]=0xff; }

```

```

    hltfn()    {
w=2;
m[3]='';m[4]='';m[5]='\n';
op[1]=0x74; }
locfn()
{
    switch(w) {
        case 0:
            addr=addr+0x04;
            break;
        case 1:
            addr=addr+0x02;
            break;
        default:
            addr=addr+0x01;
            break;
    }
}
xorfn()
{
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        xorafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        xorcfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        xordfn();
    else
        xordifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        xorbfm();
    else
        xorbpfn();
    break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        xorspfn();
    else
        xorsifn();
    break;
default:
    break;
}
}

```

```

}

xorafn()
{
  inme();
  switch(w) {
    case 0 :
      op[1] =0x08<<4;
      op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
      op[2] =0x30;
      op[3] =*p;
      *p++;
      op[4] = *p;*p++;
      op[5] = *p;*p++;
      op[6] = *p;
      break;
    case 1:
      op[1] =0x08 << 4;
      op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
      switch(*p++)
      {
        case 'c':
          if(*p++ == 'x')
          {
            op[2] =0xc1;
          }
          break;
        case 'd':
          if(*p++ == 'x')
          {
            op[2] = 0xc2;

          }
          else {
            op[2] =0xc7;
          }
          break;
        case 'b':
          if(*p++ == 'x')
          {
            op[2] =0xc3;
          }
          else
          {
            op[2] =0xc5;
          }
          break;
        case 's':
          if(*p++ == 'p')
          {
            op[2] =0xc4;
          }
          else
          {

```

```

        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
            break;
    }
}
}
xorcfn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x31;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xca;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcf;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xcb;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':

```



```

                break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
xorbfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x32;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;

```

```

case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xdc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xde;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
xorspfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x33;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe0;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
xorbpf()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x34;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1 :

```

```

    op[1] =0x08 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xeb;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xee;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xef;
    }
    break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
xorsifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;

```

```

12
op[2] =0x36;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x08 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] !0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'd')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}

```

```

    }
    }
xordifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x01;
        op[2] =0x37;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x08 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] !0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf9;
            }
            break;
        case 'h':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xfa;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xfd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xfc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xfe;
            }
            break;

```

```

case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}

```

```

adcfn()
{
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        adcafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        adccfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        adcdfn();
    else
        adcdifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        adcbfn();
    else
        adcbpfm();
    break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        adcspfm();
    else
        adcsifm();
    break;

default:
    break;

}
}

```

```

adcafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :

```

```

op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
op[2] =0x10;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x01 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc0;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc2;
    }
    else {
        op[2] =0xc7;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc5 <<4;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}

```

```

adccfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x11;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xca;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcf;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xcb;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xcc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xce;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        break;
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
                break;
    }
}
}
adcdfn()

{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x12;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xd5;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xd4;
            }
            else

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xd6;
        }
        break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'i')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd7;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
}
}
}
adcbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x13;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x01 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] = 0xdd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xdc;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xde;
        }
        break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
adcsfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
        case 0 :
            op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
            op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
            op[2] = 0x14;
            op[3] = *p;
            *p++;
            op[4] = *p; *p++;
            op[5] = *p; *p++;
            op[6] = *p;
            break;
        case 1:
            op[1] = 0x01 << 4;
            op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
            switch(*p++)
            {
                case 'a':
                    if(*p++ == 'x')
                    {
                        op[2] = 0xe0;
                    }
                    break;
            }
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe1;
            }
            break;
    }
}

```

```

case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] =0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
adcbpfn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x15;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xe8;
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
adcdifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;

```

```

op[2] =0x17;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x01 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xfb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xfd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}

```

```

    }
    }
orfn()
{
p+=3;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        orafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        orcfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        ordfn();
    else
        ordifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        orbfm();
    else
        orbpfn();
    break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        orspfn();
    else
        orsifn();
    break;
default:
    break;
}
}

orafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x08;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;

```

```

case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc1;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc2;
    }
    else {
        op[2] =0xc7;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}
}
orcfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
op[2] =0x09;
op[3] =*p;

```

```

*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc8;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xca;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xcf;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xcb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xcd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xcc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xce;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
}
}
}
ordfn()
{
    imme();
}

```

```
switch(w) {
case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] !0x01;
op[2] =0x0a;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x00 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] !0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
}
```

```

        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
orbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x0b;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xd8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd9;
            }
            break;
        case 'h':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdd;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xdc;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xde;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xda;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xdf;
        }

        break:
        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break:
        }
    }
}

orspfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x01;
        op[2] = 0x0c;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break:
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 <<4 ;
        {
            op[2] = 0xe0;
        }
        break:
    case 'c':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xe1;
        }
        break:
    case 'h':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xe3;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xe5;
        }
        break:
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'i')
        {
            op[2] = 0xe6;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        break:
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
orbpfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x01;
        op[2] = 0x0d;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p:*p++;
        op[5] = *p:*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] !0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xeb;
            }
            break;
        case 's':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xec;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xee;
        }
        break;
case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xea;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xef;
        }
        break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
orsifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x0e;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x00 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf1;
            }

```

```

        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xf3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
}
}
}
ordifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x0f;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x00 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {

```

```

        op[2] = 0xf8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
andfn()
{
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        andafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        andefn();
    break;
case 'd':

```

```

        if(*p++ == 'x')
            anddfn();
        else
            anddifn();
            break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        andbfm();
    else
        andbpfm();
        break;

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        andspfm();
    else
        andsifm();
        break;
default:
    break;
    }
}

andafm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x20;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x02 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc1;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xc2;
            }

```

```

        else {
            op[2] =0xc7;
        }
        break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xc3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
}
andcfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x21;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x02 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;

```

```

case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xca;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xcf;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xcb;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xcd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xc6;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
}
anddfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x22;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x02 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {

```

```

    case 'a':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd0;
        }
        break;
    case 'c':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd1;
        }
        break;
    case 'b':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd3;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xd5;
        }
        break;
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd4;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xd6;
        }
        break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'i')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd7;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
}
}
}
}
andbfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x23;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;

```

```

op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x02 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd8;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xdd;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xdc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xde;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xda;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xdf;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
andspfn()
{
    imme();
}

```

```
switch(w) {
case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
op[2] =0x24;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1:
    op[1] =0x02 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] =0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe7;
    }
    break;
}
```

```

        default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
andbpfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x25;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x02 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xe8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xe9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xeb;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xec;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xee;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xea;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xef;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
    }
}
}
andsifn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x01;
        op[2] = 0x26;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x02 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] = 0xf5;
            }
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xf4;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xf2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xf7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
}
anddifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x01;
        op[2] =0x27;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x02 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xfb;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xfd;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
sbbfn()
{
p+=4;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        sbbafn();
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        sbbcfn();
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        sbbdfn();
    else
        sbbdifn();
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
        sbbbfn();
    else
        sbbbpfm();
    break;

```

```

case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
        sbbspfn();
    else
        sbbsifn();
        break;
default:
    break;
    }
}

sbbafn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x18;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01<< 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc1;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xc2;
            }
            else {
                op[2] =0xc7;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc3;
            }
            else

```

```

        {
            op[2] =0xc5;
        }
        break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xc4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xc6;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break;
    }
}
}
}
sbbcfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x19;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xc8;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xca;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xcf;
            }
            break;

```

```

case 'h':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xch;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xcd;
    }
    break:
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'o')
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xce;
    }
    break:
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
        break:
    }
    }
}
sbbdfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x1a;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break:
    case 1 :
        op[1] = 0x01 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd0;
            }
            break:
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xd1;
            }

```

```

        }
        break:
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xd3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xd4;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xd6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] = 0xd7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
sbbbfm()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x1b;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xd8;
        }
        break;
    case 'c':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xd9;
        }
        break;
    case 'b':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xdd;
        }
        break;
    case 's':
        if(*p++ == 'p')
        {
            op[2] = 0xdc;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xde;
        }
        break;
    case 'd':
        if(*p++ == 'x')
        {
            op[2] = 0xda;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xdf;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
}
}
}
sbbspf()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 <<4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x1c;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;

```

```

op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1 :
    op[1] =0x01 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe0;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe1;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe3;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe5;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'i')
    {
        op[2] =0xe6;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe2;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xe7;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
sbbbpfn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {

```

```

case 0 :
op[1] =0x08 <<4;
op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
op[2] =0x1d;
op[3] =*p;
*p++;
op[4] = *p;*p++;
op[5] = *p;*p++;
op[6] = *p;
break;
case 1 :
    op[1] =0x01 << 4;
    op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
switch(*p++)
{
case 'a':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xe8;
    }
    break;
case 'c':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xe9;
    }
    break;
case 'b':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] =0xeb;
    }
    break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] =0xec;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xee;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xea;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] =0xef;
    }
    break;
default:printf("error in mnemonic\n");

```

```

        break;
    }
}
}
sbbsifn()
{
    imme();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] =0x08 <<4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x03;
        op[2] =0x1e;
        op[3] =*p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p;*p++;
        op[5] = *p;*p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] =0x01 << 4;
        op[1] =op[1] |0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf0;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf1;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] =0xf3;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] =0xf5;
            }
            break;
        case 's':
            if(*p++ == 'p')
            {
                op[2] =0xf4;
            }
            break;
        case 'd':
            if(*p++ == 'x')

```

```

        {
            op[2] = 0xf2;
        }
        else
        {
            op[2] = 0xf7;
        }
        break;
    default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
    break;
    }
    }
    }
sbbdifn()
{
    inne();
    switch(w) {
    case 0 :
        op[1] = 0x08 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x03;
        op[2] = 0x1f;
        op[3] = *p;
        *p++;
        op[4] = *p; *p++;
        op[5] = *p; *p++;
        op[6] = *p;
        break;
    case 1:
        op[1] = 0x01 << 4;
        op[1] = op[1] | 0x0b;
        switch(*p++)
        {
        case 'a':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf8;
            }
            break;
        case 'c':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xf9;
            }
            break;
        case 'b':
            if(*p++ == 'x')
            {
                op[2] = 0xfa;
            }
            else
            {
                op[2] = 0xfd;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
                break;
case 's':
    if(*p++ == 'p')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfc;
    }
    else
    {
        op[2] = 0xfe;
    }
    break;
case 'd':
    if(*p++ == 'x')
    {
        op[2] = 0xfa;
    }
    break;
default: printf("error in mnemonic\n");
break;
}
}
}
```

B. 8086 INSTRUCTION SET

Translation of Assembler Instructions

Machine code for the 8086/8088 instructions. (Reprinted by permission of Intel Corporation. Copyright 1979.)

AL = 8-bit accumulator
 AX = 16-bit accumulator
 CX = Count register
 DS = Data segment
 ES = Extra segment
 Above/below refers to unsigned value
 Greater = more positive
 Less = less positive (more negative) signed values
 if d = 1 then "to" reg; if d = 0 then "from" reg
 if w = 1 then word instruction, if w = 0 then byte instruction

if s = 0 then 16 bits of immediate data form the operand
 if s = 1 then an immediate data byte is sign extended to form the 16-bit operand
 if v = 0 then "count" = 1, if v = 1 then "count" in (CL)
 x = don't care
 Z is used for string primitives for comparison with ZF FLAG

SEGMENT OVERRIDE PREFIX

0 0 1 reg 1 1 0

REG is assigned according to the following table

16 Bit [w = 1]	8 Bit [w = 0]	Segment			
000	AX	000	AL	00	ES
001	CX	001	CL	01	CS
010	DX	010	DL	10	SS
011	BX	011	BL	11	DS
100	SP	100	AH		
101	BP	101	CH		
110	SI	110	DH		
111	DI	111	BH		

if mod = 11 then r/m is treated as a REG field
 if mod = 00 then DISP = 0, disp-low and disp-high are absent
 if mod = 01 then DISP = disp-low sign-extended to 16-bits, disp-high is absent
 if mod = 10 then DISP = disp-high, disp-low
 if r/m = 000 then EA = (BX) + (SI) - DISP
 if r/m = 001 then EA = (BX) + (DI) - DISP
 if r/m = 010 then EA = (BP) + (SI) - DISP
 if r/m = 011 then EA = (BP) + (DI) - DISP
 if r/m = 100 then EA = (SI) - DISP
 if r/m = 101 then EA = (DI) - DISP
 if r/m = 110 then EA = (BP) - DISP
 if r/m = 111 then EA = (BX) + DISP
 DISP follows 2nd byte of instruction (before data if required)

Instructions which reference the flag register file as a 16 bit object use the symbol FLAGS to represent the file

FLAGS = X X X X (OF) (DF) (IF) (TF) (SF) (ZF) X (AF) X (PF) X CF;

*except if mod = 00 and r/m = 110 then EA = disp-high disp-low

8086/8088 Instruction Encoding

DATA TRANSFER

MOV = Move:

Register/memory to/from register

Immediate to register/memory

Immediate to register

Memory to accumulator

Accumulator to memory

Register/memory to segment register

Segment register to register/memory

	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
Register/memory to/from register	1 0 0 0 1 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Immediate to register/memory	1 1 0 0 0 1 1 w	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if w = 1
Immediate to register	1 0 1 1 w reg	data	data if w = 1			
Memory to accumulator	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 w	addr-lo	addr-hi			
Accumulator to memory	1 0 1 0 0 0 1 w	addr-lo	addr-hi			
Register/memory to segment register	1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	mod 0 SR r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Segment register to register/memory	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0	mod 0 SR r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		

PUSH = Push:

Register/memory

Register

Segment register

Register/memory	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 1 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
Register	0 1 0 1 0 reg			
Segment register	0 0 0 reg 1 1 0			

POP = Pop:

Register/memory

Register

Segment register

Register/memory	1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
Register	0 1 0 1 1 reg			
Segment register	0 0 0 reg 1 1 1			

Continued.

DATA TRANSFER (Cont'd.)

XCHG = Exchange:

Register/memory with register

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

1 0 0 0 0 1 1 w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

Register with accumulator

1 0 0 1 0 reg

IN = Input from:

Fixed port

1 1 1 0 0 1 0 w	DATA 8
-----------------	--------

Variable port

1 1 1 0 1 1 0 w

OUT = Output to:

Fixed port

1 1 1 0 0 1 1 w	DATA 8
-----------------	--------

Variable port

1 1 1 0 1 1 1 w

XLAT = Translate byte to AL

1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1

LEA = Load EA to register

1 0 0 0 1 1 0 1	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

LDS = Load pointer to DS

1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

LES = Load pointer to ES

1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

LAHF = Load AH with flags

1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1

SAHF = Store AH into flags

1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0

PUSHF = Push flags

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0

POPF = Pop flags

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1

ARITHMETIC

ADD = Add:

Reg/memory with register to either

0 0 0 0 0 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

Immediate to register/memory

1 0 0 0 0 0 s w	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if s: w-01
-----------------	---------------	-----------	-----------	------	-----------------

Immediate to accumulator

0 0 0 0 0 1 0 w	data	data if w-1
-----------------	------	-------------

ADC = Add with carry:

Reg/memory with register to either

0 0 0 1 0 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	-------------	-----------	-----------

Immediate to register/memory

1 0 0 0 0 0 s w	mod 0 1 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if s: w-01
-----------------	---------------	-----------	-----------	------	-----------------

Immediate to accumulator

0 0 0 1 0 1 0 w	data	data if w-1
-----------------	------	-------------

INC = Increment:

Register/memory

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 w	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
-----------------	---------------	-----------	-----------

Register

0 1 0 0 0 reg

AAA = ASCII adjust for add

0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1

DAA = Decimal adjust for add

0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1

Translation of Assembler Instructions

Continued.

ARITHMETIC (Cont'd)

SUB = Subtract:

	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
Reg/memory and register to either	0 0 1 0 1 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
Immediate from register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 s w	mod 1 0 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)	data	data if s w=01
Immediate from accumulator	0 0 1 0 1 1 0 w	data	data if w=1			

SBB = Subtract with borrow:

Reg/memory and register to either	0 0 0 1 1 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
Immediate from register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 s w	mod 0 1 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)	data	data if s w=01
Immediate from accumulator	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 w	data	data if w=1			

DEC Decrement:

Register/memory	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 w	mod 0 0 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)
Register	0 1 0 0 1 reg			
NEG Change sign	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 0 1 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)

CMP = Compare:

Register/memory and register	0 0 1 1 1 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
Immediate with register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 s w	mod 1 1 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)	data	data if s w=01
Immediate with accumulator	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 w	data	data if w=1			
AAS ASCII adjust for subtract	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1					
DAS Decimal adjust for subtract	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1					
MUL Multiply (unsigned)	1 1 1, 1 0 1 1 w	mod 1 0 0 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
IMUL Integer multiply (signed)	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 1 0 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
AAM ASCII adjust for multiply	1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0				
DIV Divide (unsigned)	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 1 1 0 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
IDIV Integer divide (signed)	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 1 1 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)		
AAD ASCII adjust for divide	1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0				
CBW Convert byte to word	1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0					
CWD Convert word to double word	1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1					

LOGIC

NOT Invert	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 0 1 0 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)
SHL/SAL Shift logical/arithmetic left	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 1 0 0 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)
SHR Shift logical right	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 1 0 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)
SAR Shift arithmetic right	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 1 1 1 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)
RCL Rotate left	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP LO)	(DISP HI)

Continued.

LOGIC (Cont'd)

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

ROR Rotate right	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 0 0 1 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
RCL Rotate through carry flag left	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 0 1 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
RCR Rotate through carry right	1 1 0 1 0 0 v w	mod 0 1 1 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		

AND = And

Reg/memory with register to either	0 0 1 0 0 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Immediate to register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 w	mod 1 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if w=1
Immediate to accumulator	0 0 1 0 0 1 0 w		data	data if w=1		

TEST = And function to flags no result:

Register/memory and register	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Immediate data and register/memory	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 w	mod 0 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if w=1
Immediate data and accumulator	1 0 1 0 1 0 0 w		data	data if w=1		

OR = Or:

Reg/memory and register to either	0 0 0 0 1 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Immediate to register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 w	mod 0 0 1 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if w=1
Immediate to accumulator	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 w		data	data if w=1		

XOR = Exclusive or:

Reg/memory and register to either	0 0 1 1 0 0 d w	mod reg r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Immediate to register/memory	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 w	mod 1 1 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	data	data if w=1
Immediate to accumulator	0 0 1 1 0 1 0 w		data	data if w=1		

STRING MANIPULATION

REP = Repeat	1 1 1 1 0 0 1 z
MOVS = Move byte/word	1 0 1 0 0 1 0 w
CMPS = Compare byte/word	1 0 1 0 0 1 1 w
SCAS = Scan byte/word	1 0 1 0 1 1 1 w
LODS = Load byte/word to AL/AX	1 0 1 0 1 1 0 w
STOS = Store byte/word from AL/AX	1 0 1 0 1 0 1 w

Translation of Assembler Instructions

Continued

CONTROL TRANSFER

CALL = Call:

	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
Direct within segment	1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0	IP-INC-LO	IP-INC-HI			
Indirect within segment	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 0 1 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		
Direct intersegment	1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0	IP-lo	IP-hi			
		CS-lo	CS-hi			
Indirect intersegment	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 0 1 1 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)		

JMP = Unconditional Jump:

Direct within segment	1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1	IP-INC-LO	IP-INC-HI		
Direct within segment-short	1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1	IP-INC8			
Indirect within segment	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 0 0 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	
Direct intersegment	1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0	IP-lo	IP-hi		
		CS-lo	CS-hi		
Indirect intersegment	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	mod 1 0 1 r/m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)	

RET = Return from CALL:

Within segment	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1		
Within seg adding immed to SP	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	data-lo	data-hi
Intersegment	1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1		
Intersegment adding immediate to SP	1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0	data-lo	data-hi
JE/JZ = Jump on equal/zero	0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0	IP-INC8	
JL/JNGE = Jump on less/not greater or equal	0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0	IP-INC8	
JLE/JMG = Jump on less or equal/not greater	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	IP-INC8	
JB/JNAE = Jump on below/not above or equal	0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0	IP-INC8	
JBE/JNA = Jump on below or equal/not above	0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0	IP-INC8	
JP/JPE = Jump on parity/parity even	0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0	IP-INC8	
JO = Jump on overflow	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	IP-INC8	
JS = Jump on sign	0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0	IP-INC8	
JNE/JNZ = Jump on not equal/not zero	0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1	IP-INC8	
JNL/JQGE = Jump on not less/greater or equal	0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1	IP-INC8	
JNLE/JQ = Jump on not less or equal/greater	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	IP-INC8	
JNB/JAE = Jump on not below/above or equal	0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1	IP-INC8	
JNBE/JA = Jump on not below or equal/above	0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	IP-INC8	
JNP/JPO = Jump on not par/par odd	0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1	IP-INC8	
JNO = Jump on not overflow	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1	IP-INC8	

Continued.

CONTROL TRANSFER (Cont'd.)

	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
JNS = Jump on not sign	0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1	IP INCB				
LOOP = Loop CX times	1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0	IP INCB				
LOOPZ/LOOPE = Loop while zero/equal	1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1	IP INCB				
LOOPNZ/LOOPNE = Loop while not zero/equal	1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	IP INCB				
JCXZ = Jump on CX zero	1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1	IP INCB				

INT = Interrupt:

Type specified	1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1	DATA 8
Type 3	1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0	
INTO = Interrupt on overflow	1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0	
IRET = Interrupt return	1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1	

PROCESSOR CONTROL

CLC = Clear carry	1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0			
CMC = Complement carry	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1			
STC = Set carry	1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1			
CLD = Clear direction	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0			
STD = Set direction	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1			
CLI = Clear interrupt	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0			
STI = Set interrupt	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1			
HLT = Halt	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0			
WAIT = Wait	1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1			
ESC = Escape (to external device)	1 1 0 1 1 x x x	mod y y r / m	(DISP-LO)	(DISP-HI)
LOCK = Bus lock prefix	1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0			
SEGMENT = Override prefix	0 0 1 reg 1 1 0			

would be assembled as

00111101	10100010	00000101
----------	----------	----------

instead of

10000001	111.11000	10100010	00000101
----------	-----------	----------	----------

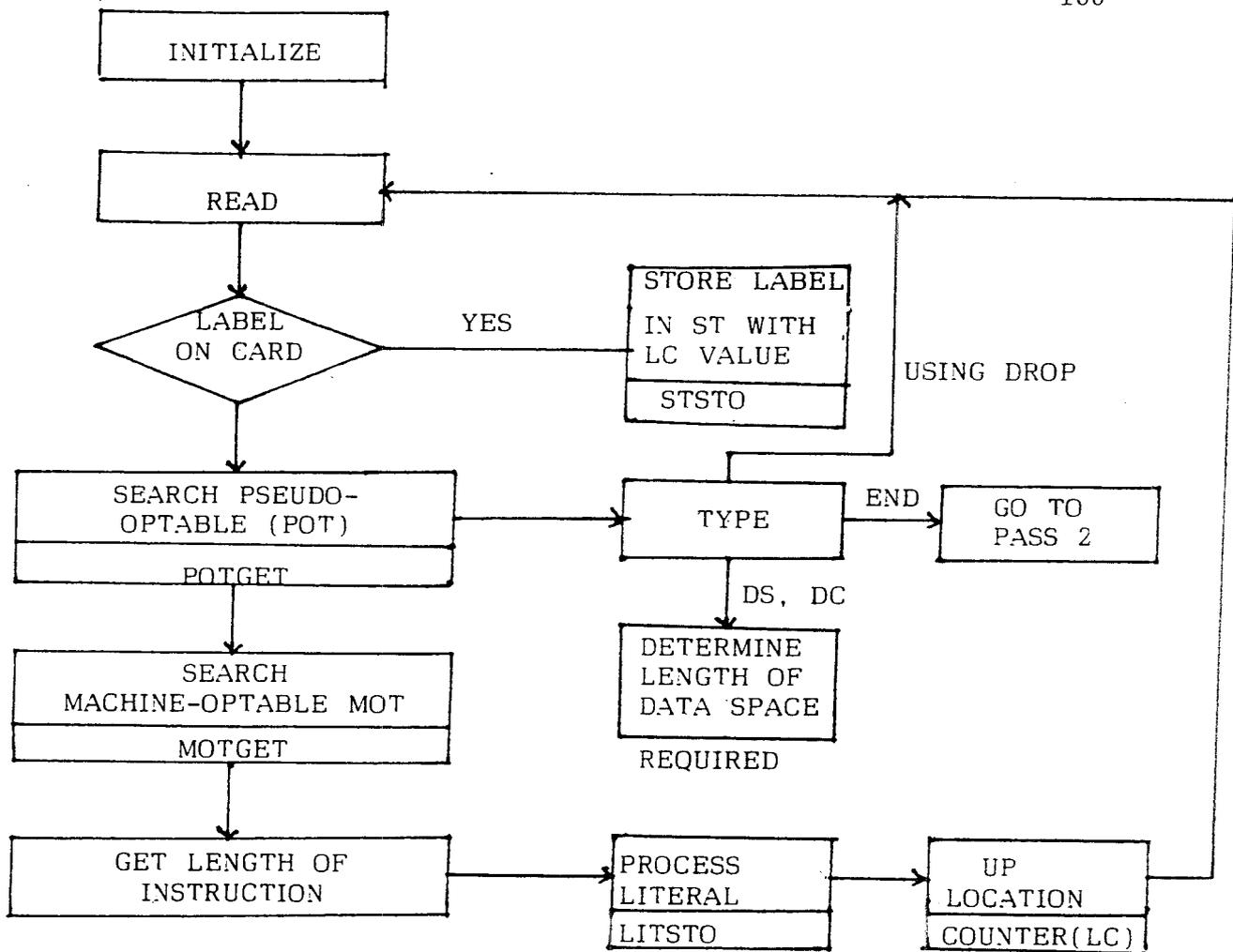
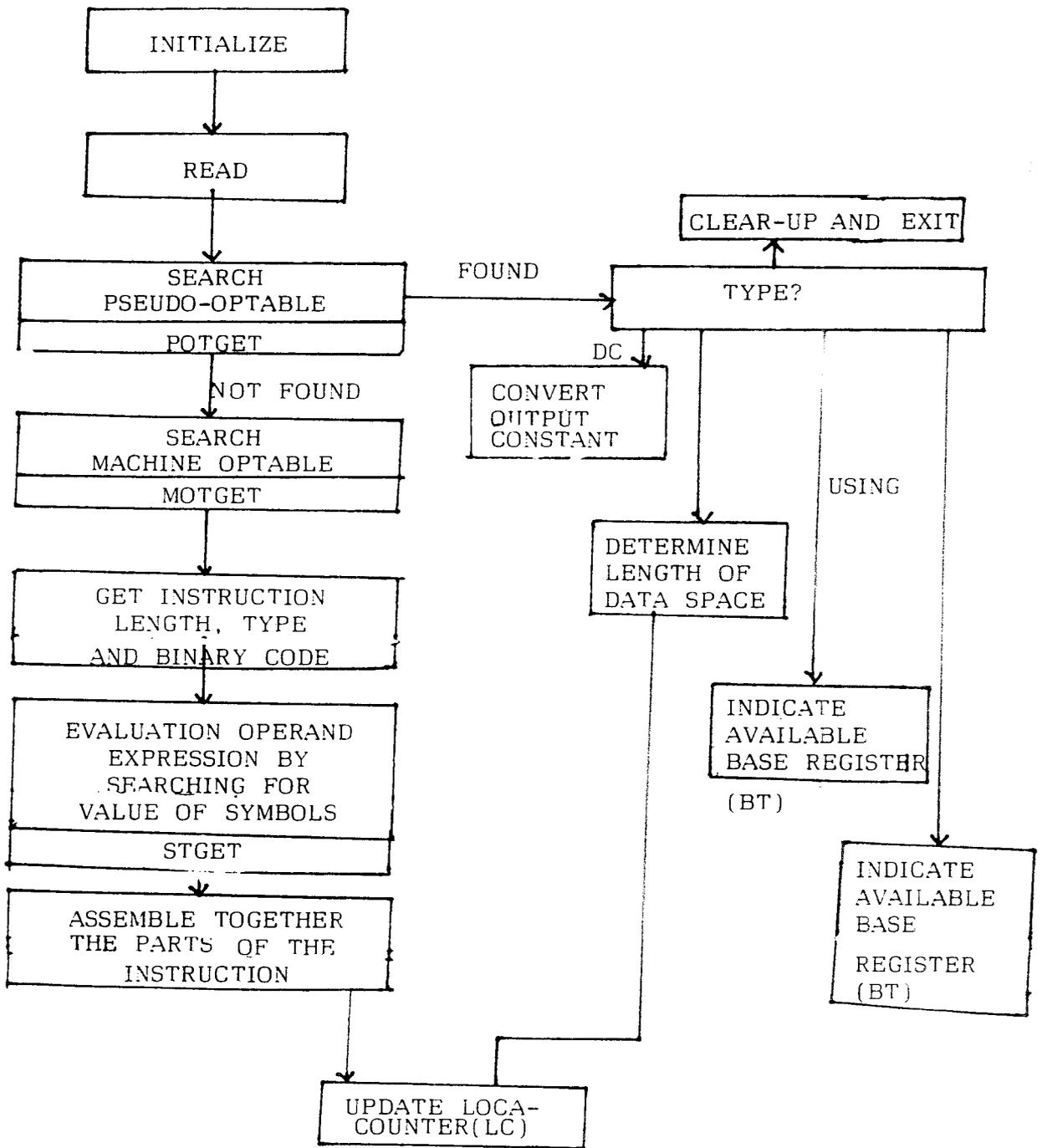


FIG. 2.1.

Flow charts given outline the steps involved in pass 1 and pass 2, which specifies the algorithm and data structure involved.



PASS 2 OVERVIEW EVALUATE FIELDS AND GENERATE CODE

FIG. 2.2

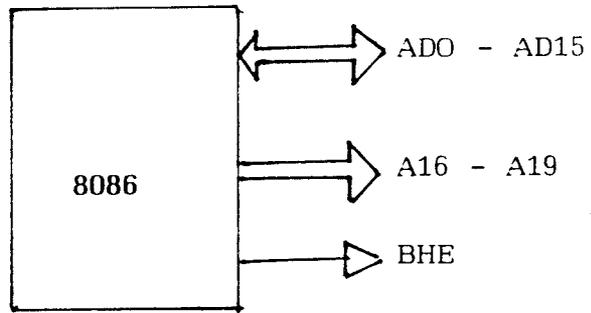


FIG. NO. 3.1

BHE	AO	What is read/written
0	0	16 bit word
0	1	1 byte from /to odd address
1	0	1 byte from/to even address
1	1	NONE

TABLE No. 3.1.

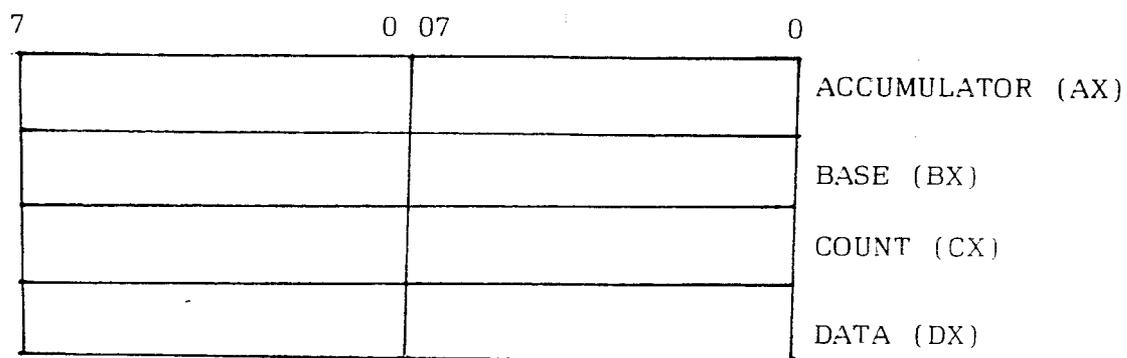
**GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTERS**

FIG. No. 3.2.

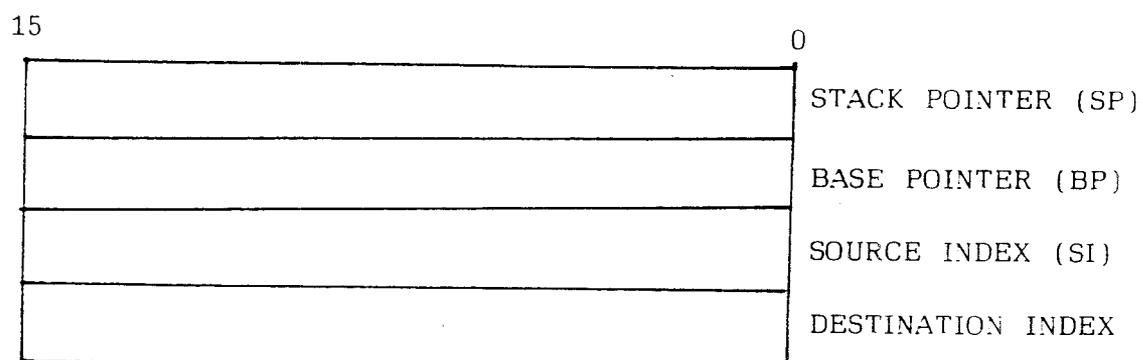
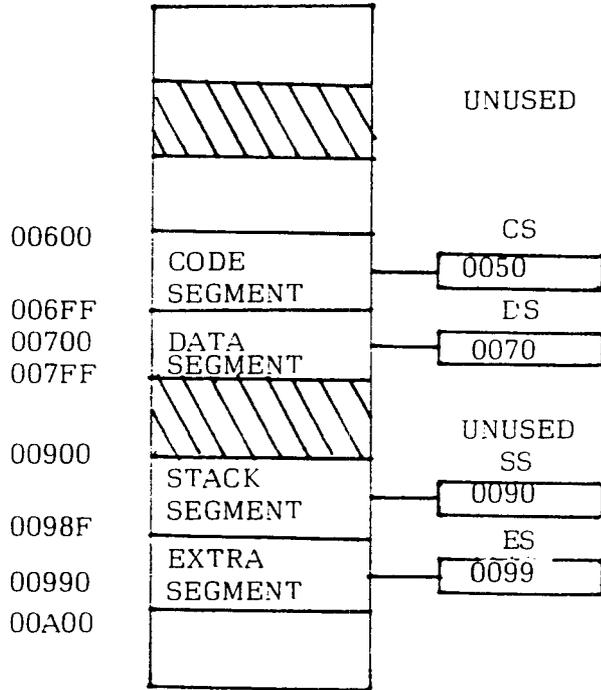
**POINTERS AND INDEX REGISTERS**

FIG. No. 3.3



MEMORY SEGMENTATION IN 8086

FIG. 3.4

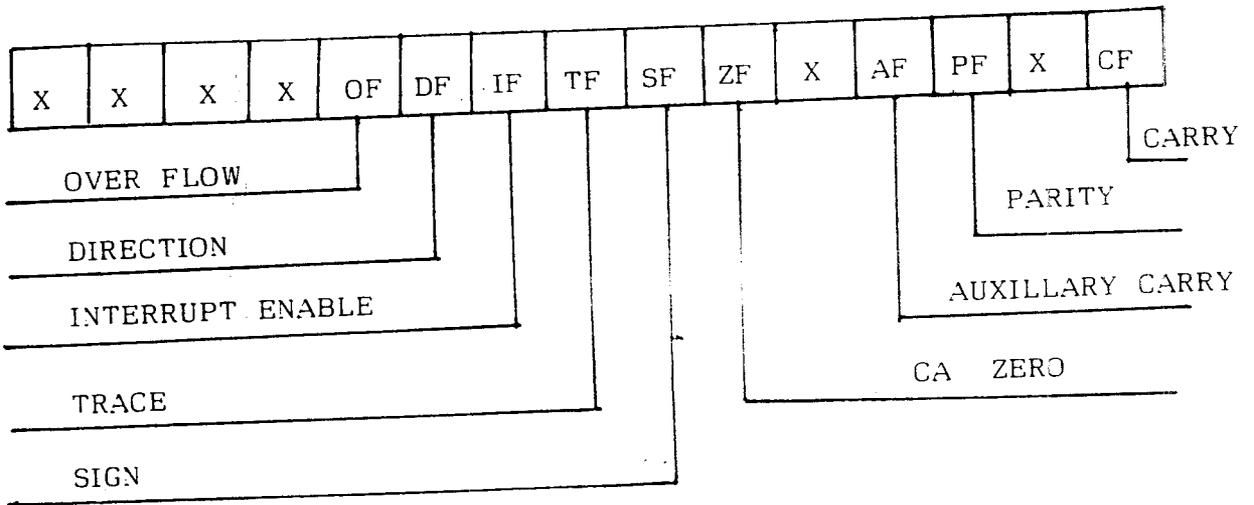
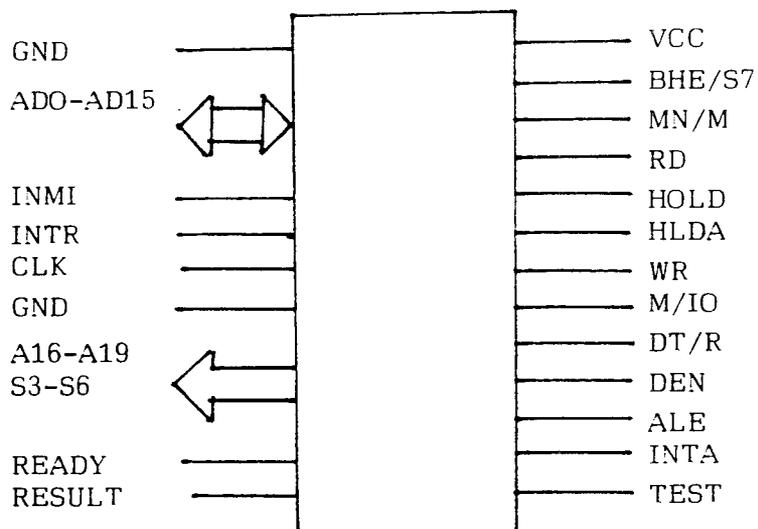
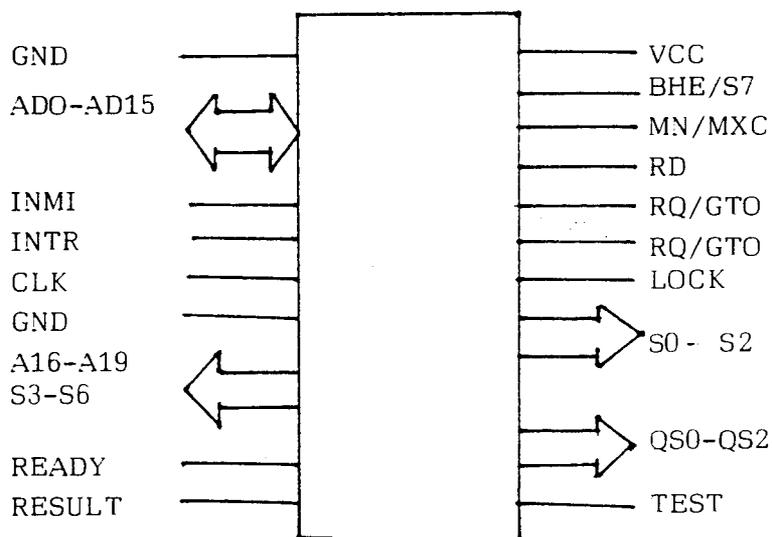


FIG. No. 3.5



(a)

MINIMUM MODE



(b)

MAXIMUM MODE

FIG. No. 3.6

MOV SP, BX

FIG. No. 3.8

Bibliography

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Systems Programming : John J. Donovan
2. The 'C' Programming Language : Brain W. Kernighan,
Dennis M. Ritchie
3. Programming in 'C' : Stephen G. Kochan
4. Micro Computer system
The 8086/8088 family
Architecture,
Programming and design : Yu-Cheng Liu
Glenn A.,. Gibson
5. Microprocessors and
Interfacing Programming
and Hardware : Douglas V. Hall
6. Introduction to
Microprocessors : Aditya P. Mathur