



B.E. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL / MAY 2023

(Regulation 2018)

Fourth Semester

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

U18EEI4201: Induction and Synchronous Machines

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1:** Understand the construction and principle of operation of different types of induction motor and synchronous generator.
- CO2:** Describe the types of speed control, starting and performance characteristics of three phase and single-phase induction motors.
- CO3:** Determine the voltage regulation and analyze the performance characteristics of synchronous generator using different testing methods
- CO4:** Understand the starting methods and performance characteristics of synchronous motor.
- CO5:** Select induction and synchronous machines for various applications.

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Answer all the Questions:-
PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)
(Answer not more than 40 words)

- | | | |
|---|-----|-------------------|
| 1. Infer the salient features of induction motor. | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| 2. A 3 Phase, 4 pole, 50 Hz induction motor is running at 1440 rpm. Determine the slip. | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| 3. Define Cogging and Crawling in induction motors. | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| 4. List the benefits of auto transformer starter over star-delta starter. | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| 5. Is single phase induction self-starting nature? Justify it. | CO1 | [K ₃] |
| 6. Summarize the applications of universal motor. | CO5 | [K ₂] |
| 7. Compare revolving armature and revolving field type alternators. | CO1 | [K ₃] |
| 8. How armature reaction occurs in alternators and list its drawbacks? | CO3 | [K ₂] |
| 9. What is Hunting in synchronous motor? | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| 10. Define Pull-in and pull-out torque in synchronous motors. | CO4 | [K ₂] |

**Answer any FIVE Questions:-
PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)
(Answer not more than 400 words)**

- | | | | | | |
|-----|----|---|----|-----|-------------------|
| 11. | a) | Compare squirrel cage and slip-ring induction motor. | 8 | CO1 | [K ₃] |
| | b) | Draw the equivalent circuit of an induction motor and list the parameters be calculate from no-load and blocked rotor test. | 8 | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| | | | | | |
| 12. | a) | With neat sketch explain the working of star-delta starter. | 8 | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Describe Kramer system of speed control for 3 phase induction motor with a neat diagram. | 8 | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| | | | | | |
| 13. | a) | Explain the construction, working principle and torque-speed characteristics of capacitor start induction motor. | 10 | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Describe the working of repulsion motors. | 6 | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| | | | | | |
| 14. | a) | Write the construction details of a 4-pole salient type alternator. | 10 | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Compare salient pole and non-salient pole type alternators. | 6 | CO1 | [K ₃] |
| | | | | | |
| 15. | a) | Discuss the various methods used to start the synchronous motor. | 8 | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Describe the experimental method for determining “V” & “inverted-V” curves for a synchronous machine with circuit. | 8 | CO4 | [K ₃] |
| | | | | | |
| 16. | | A 10 kVA,440 V, 50 Hz, 3 phase star connected alternator has the open circuit characteristics as given below: | 16 | CO3 | [K ₃] |

I_f Amp 1.5 3 5 8 11 15

(V_{oc}) Line volts 150 300 440 550 600 635

With full load zero p.f, the applied excitation required is 14 A to produce 500 V of terminal voltage. On short circuit, 4 A excitation is required to give full load current. Determine the voltage regulation for full load, 0.8 p.f. lagging and leading.
