



**B.E DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL / MAY 2023**

(Regulation 2018)

Fourth Semester

**ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING**

U18EII4201: Electronic Signal Conditioning

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1:** Elucidate and design the linear and non-linear applications of an op-amp.
- CO2:** Analyze the characteristics of various analog filters.
- CO3:** Classify and comprehend the working principle of data converters.
- CO4:** Illustrate the function of Voltage regulators, Oscillators, Relays and PLL for various applications.

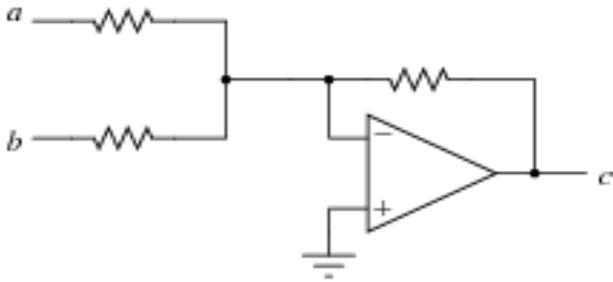
**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions: -**  
**PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**  
**(Answer not more than 40 words)**

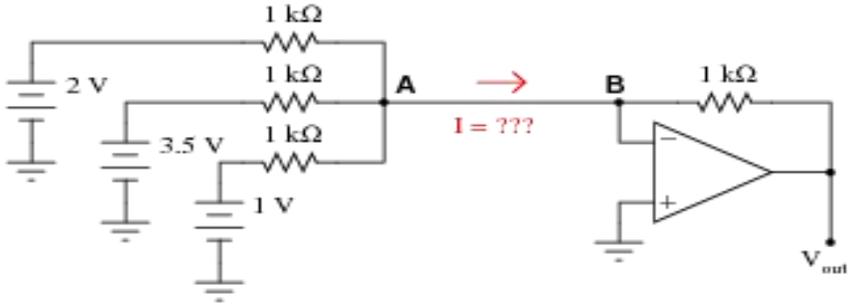
1. Solve the mathematical equation for this op-amp circuit, assuming all resistor values are equal

CO1 [K<sub>2</sub>]



2. Identify the amount of current from point A to point B in this circuit, and the output voltage of the operational amplifier:

CO1 [K<sub>2</sub>]



- 3. List the demerits of passive filters?
- 4. Draw the frequency response of first order Low Pass Filter.
- 5. How many resistors are required in a 12-bit weighted resistor DAC?

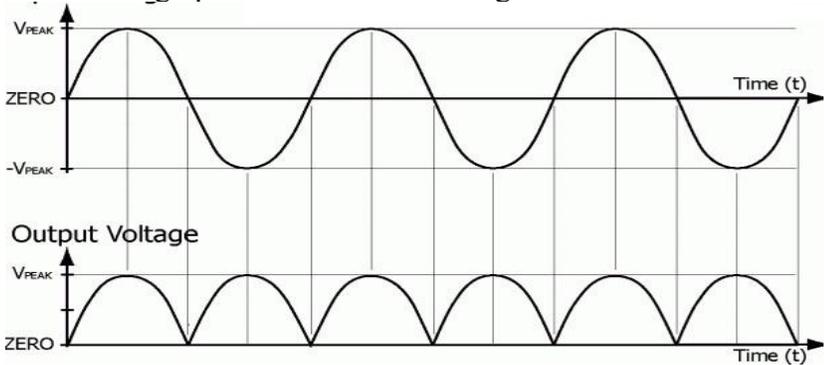
CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]

CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]

CO3 [K<sub>2</sub>]

- |     |   |  |     |                   |
|-----|---|--|-----|-------------------|
| 6.  | Compare the RC and LC oscillators.                                      |  | CO3 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 7.  | State the function of a voltage regulator.                              |  | CO4 | [K <sub>1</sub> ] |
| 8.  | Draw the shunt regulator using op-amps with Zener diode error detector. |  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 9.  | Define relay and give the essential quantities of protective relay.     |  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 10. | Define capture range of PLL.  |  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |

**Answer any FIVE Questions: -  
PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)  
(Answer not more than 400 words)**

- |     |   |    |     |                   |
|-----|---|----|-----|-------------------|
| 11. | Explain the basic operation of the summing amplifier and its characteristic with neat sketch.   | 16 | CO1 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 12. | a) Differentiate the low pass frequency response of Butterworth, Chebyshev, Elliptic and Bessel low pass in unattainable rectangular shape of ideal magnitude with waveforms. | 10 | CO2 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
|     | b) Explain about the limitations of the active filters over the passive filters with suitable circuits.   | 6  | CO2 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 13. | a) Explain the operation of a 4-bit R-2R type DAC and derive the expression for output voltage  | 10 | CO3 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
|     | b) Explain the sigma delta A/D convertor with its neat block diagram  | 6  | CO3 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 14. | a) Describe the working operation of rectifier for given waveform.  | 10 | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
|     |   |    |     |                   |
|     | b) Compare linear regulator and switching regulator with its example.   | 6  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 15. | Illustrate the working of shunt and series regulator using op-amps error detector when its load varies.   | 16 | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 16. | a) Illustrate the working of Wien bridge oscillator with neat diagram, and compare the advantages RC Phase shift oscillator.  | 10 | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
|     | b) Compare fuse, circuit breaker and protective relay with example.   | 6  | CO4 | [K <sub>2</sub> ] |

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