



B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: APRIL / MAY 2023

(Regulation 2018)

Third Semester

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

U18ECT3011: Principles of Communication

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1:** Describe the fundamental concepts of communication systems.
CO2: Compare analog modulation schemes.
CO3: Explain digital modulation schemes.
CO4: Classify standard base band data transmission techniques.
CO5: Paraphrase the spread spectrum techniques and multiple access techniques.

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Answer all the Questions: -

PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

(Answer not more than 40 words)

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|---|-----|-------------------|
| 1. What does dB represent? | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| 2. List out the primary disadvantage of low-level AM | CO2 | [K ₁] |
| 3. Define heterodyning. | CO2 | [K ₁] |
| 4. Why ASK is sometimes referred to as on-off keying? | CO3 | [K ₁] |
| 5. What is the purpose of clock recovery circuit in digital modulation system? When is it used? | CO3 | [K ₂] |
| 6. For minimum line speed with an 8-bit PCM for speech signal ranging upto 1 Volt, calculate the resolution and quantization error. | CO4 | [K ₁] |
| 7. What is aperture error? | CO4 | [K ₁] |
| 8. Identify the most common methods of pulse modulation. | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| 9. What is multiple access and list out the different types of multiple access techniques. | CO5 | [K ₃] |
| 10. Identify two basic characterizations of frequency hopping. | CO5 | [K ₃] |

Answer any FIVE Questions: -

PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

(Answer not more than 400 words)

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|---|---|-----|-------------------|
| 11. a) With a simplified block diagram, explain in brief on analog electronic communication system. | 8 | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| b) Identify the reasons for the need of modulation in electronic communication system | 4 | CO1 | [K ₃] |

c)	What is meant by external noise and mention the primary sources of external noise?	4	CO1	[K ₂]
12. a)	Explain the principles of amplitude modulation?	10	CO2	[K ₂]
b)	For an AM DSBFC modulation with a carrier frequency, $f_c = 100\text{KHz}$ and maximum modulating signal frequency $f_m(\text{max}) = 5\text{ KHz}$, identify the Frequency limit of upper and lower sideband, Bandwidth and draw the output frequency spectrum.	6	CO2	[K ₃]
13. a)	What are the types of AM receivers and explain in brief on any one type of AM receiver.	10	CO2	[K ₂]
b)	Compare angle modulation with amplitude modulation.	6	CO2	[K ₄]
14. a)	Write a short note on (i) Frequency shift keying (ii) FSK Transmitter and receiver	10	CO3	[K ₂]
b)	For a binary FSK signal with a mark frequency of 49 KHz, a space frequency of 51KHz and an input bit rate of 2 kbps, determine peak frequency deviation, minimum bandwidth and baud.	6	CO3	[K ₃]
15. a)	Explain about Delta modulation PCM.	10	CO4	[K ₂]
b)	Write a short note on sample and hold circuit.	6	CO4	[K ₂]
16. a)	Explain in brief on Pseudo noise sequence.	6	CO5	[K ₂]
b)	Identify the significance of spread spectrum and write a short note on direct sequence spread spectrum with coherent binary phase shift keying.	10	CO5	[K ₃]
