



**B.E. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: NOV/DEC 2023**

(Regulation 2018)

Third Semester

**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

U18CST3003: Computer Architecture

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1:** Identify the different addressing modes used in a processor.  
**CO2:** Apply the knowledge of arithmetic operations in the design of a fast adder.  
**CO3:** Classify the control units present in a processor.  
**CO4:** Analyze the various performance enhancement techniques of Cache memories.  
**CO5:** Point out how the pipeline processor improves performance of a computer.

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions: -**

**PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

**(Answer not more than 40 words)**

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|--|-----------------------|
| 1. Compare the Overflow flag and Carry flag  | CO1 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 2. Calculate the program execution time for executing 800 machine language instructions in a program. Out of 800 instructions, 10 instructions are put in a loop, and they are executed 9 times. Assume that on average there are 8 basic steps needed to execute 1 machine instruction and each basic step is completed in 1 clock cycle. The clock rate is 800 cycles/second | CO1 [K <sub>3</sub> ] |
| 3. Tell an example of a worst-case multiplier and a good multiplier  | CO2 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 4. What do you mean by Von Neumann rounding?   | CO2 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 5. What is the function of MFC control signal?   | CO3 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 6. List down the function of the microprogram counter.   | CO3 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 7. Compare EPROM and EEPROM  | CO4 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 8. What do you mean by read miss and read hit  | CO4 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 9. When an instruction is said to have a side effect.  | CO5 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |
| 10. Explain the term- vectored interrupts  | CO5 [K <sub>2</sub> ] |

**Answer any FIVE Questions: -**  
**PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)**  
**(Answer not more than 400 words)**

11.	What do you mean by addressing modes? Explain the different types of addressing modes with an example for each type	16	CO1	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
12.	a) Multiply 11 * -14 using Booth's algorithm	4	CO2	[K <sub>3</sub> ]
	b) Describe the floating-point addition-subtraction unit	12	CO2	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
13.	a) Explain about the microprogrammed control method of generating control signals with examples	10	CO3	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
	b) Write the control sequence for an unconditional branch instruction	6	CO3	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
14.	a) Illustrate Direct mapping and Associative mapping techniques used for mapping memory blocks with cache blocks	8	CO4	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
	b) Describe virtual-memory address translation with the necessary block diagram	8	CO4	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
15.	a) Explain data hazards	10	CO5	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
	b) What do you mean by bus arbitration? Illustrate centralized arbitration	6	CO5	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
16.	a) Illustrate dynamic branch prediction	10	CO5	[K <sub>2</sub> ]
	b) Divide 11101/111 using the Restoring division method	6	CO2	[K <sub>3</sub> ]

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