



**B.E/B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: NOV/DEC 2023**

(Regulation 2018)

Third Semester

**ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

U18ECT3101: Signals and Systems

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

**CO1:** Distinguish different types of signals and systems.

**CO2:** Analyze periodic signals using Fourier series.

**CO3:** Evaluate Continuous Time signals and system by using Fourier Transform.

**CO4:** Explain sampling of continuous time signals.

**CO5:** Analyze Discrete Time signals and systems by using DTFT and Z Transform.

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

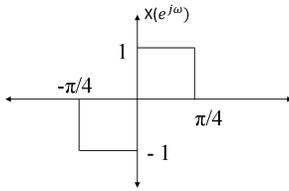
**PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

**(Answer not more than 40 words)**

- Find whether the following signal is periodic or not. If it is periodic find the period. CO1 [K<sub>3</sub>]  
 $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}n\right).$
- Impulse response of a LTI system is given by  $h[n] = \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$ . Discuss the causality and stability property of the system with justification. CO1 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- What is the condition for the existence of Fourier Series of a continuous time signal? CO2 [K<sub>2</sub>]
- Find and sketch the Fourier Transform of a periodic impulse train  $x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n - kN]$  CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- For a real and odd periodic signal with period  $N=7$  the spectral coefficients are  $a_k$ . Given CO2 [K<sub>3</sub>]  
 that  $a_1 = j, a_2 = 2j, a_3 = 3j$ , determine the values of  $a_{-1}, a_{-2}$  and  $a_{-3}$ .
- Find the CTFT of  $\delta(t)$ . Using duality property find the inverse FT of  $\delta(\omega)$ . CO3 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- A signal represented by  $x(t) = 5\cos 400\pi t$  is sampled at a rate 300 samples/sec. The resulting samples are passed through an ideal low pass filter of cut-off frequency 150 Hz. Which frequencies will be present at the output of the LPF? CO4 [K<sub>4</sub>]
- Let an input  $[n]$  having discrete time Fourier transform CO5 [K<sub>4</sub>]  
 $X(e^{j\Omega}) = 1 - e^{-j\Omega} + 2e^{-3j\Omega}$  be passed through an LTI system. The frequency response of the LTI system is  $H(e^{j\Omega}) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-2j\Omega}$ . Find the output  $y[n]$  of the system.

9. The DTFT of  $x[n]$  in the range  $[-\pi, \pi]$  is given in the figure. Find the energy of the signal

CO5 [K4]



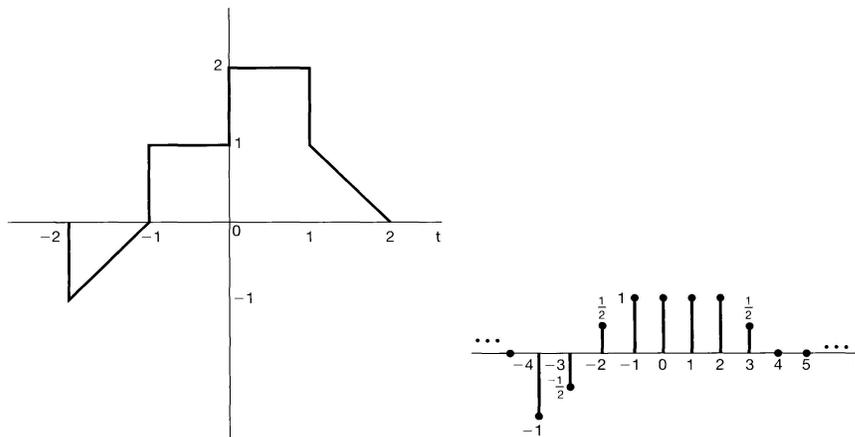
10.  $x[n] = u[n-2] * \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n u[n]$ , using convolution property find the Z transform of  $x[n]$

CO5 [K4]

**Answer any FIVE Questions:-  
PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)  
(Answer not more than 400 words)**

11. a) For the given signal  $x(t)$  and  $x[n]$  draw the following.

10 CO1 [K3]



- i.  $x[4-n]$     ii.  $x[3n+1]$     iii.  $x\left(4-\frac{t}{2}\right)$     iv.  $x(t)\delta\left(t-\frac{3}{2}\right)$

v. Even and Odd components of  $x[n]$

- b) Sketch the waveform  $x(t) = r(t+5) - r(t+4) - r(t-4) + r(t-5)$ . The signal  $x(t)$  is applied to a differentiator given by  $y(t) = \frac{d}{dt}x(t)$ . Sketch  $y(t)$ . Is  $y(t)$  energy signal or power signal. Justify.

6 CO1 [K4]

12. a) Two LTI systems are connected in cascade with the impulse response  $h1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-2} u[n-2]$  and  $h2[n] = u[n+2]$ . Find the output of this cascade system for the input  $x[n] = \delta[n]$ .

10 CO1 [K3]

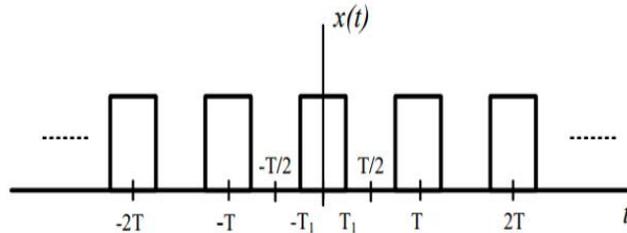
- b) For the following input output relationship, find the properties of the system.

6 CO1 [K3]

- i)  $y(t) = t^2 x(t-1)$     ii)  $y[n] = x[n^2] + x[n]$

13. a) Determine the Fourier series coefficients for the periodic square wave  $x(t)$  shown in the Figure, which is defined over one period as:

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & |t| < T/2 \\ 0, & T/2 < |t| < T \end{cases}$$



- b) A causal LTI system is defined by the frequency response  $H(j\omega) = \frac{j\omega+4}{6-\omega^2+5j\omega}$
- Find the impulse response  $h(t)$  of the System.
  - Find the differential equation representing the system
  - Find the output of the system for  $x(t) = e^{-5t}u(t)$
14. a) The signal  $x(t) = \cos(30000\pi t)$  is to be converted to digital using ADC with Sampling frequency
- 40 KHz
  - 60 KHz
  - 20 KHz
- Draw the spectrum of the sampled signal. This of these samples will lead to a proper reconstruction. Why?
- b) State and Prove sampling theorem for a band limited signal.

15. a) Find the DTFT of the signal

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|} u[-n-2]$$

$$x[n] = a^n \cos(\omega_0 n) u(n) \quad |a| < 1$$

- b) Consider a system consisting of cascade of two LTI systems with over all frequency response

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{7}{12}e^{-j\omega} + \frac{1}{12}e^{-j2\omega}}$$

Find the following

- i) impulse response of the overall system
- ii) impulse response  $h_2(n)$  given  $h_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]$

16. a) A second order system is described by a difference equation  $y[n] - 0.6y[n - 1] - 0.16y[n - 2] = 5x[n]$ . Find (Using z - transform) 10 CO5 [K4]
- i. The system function
  - ii. Impulse Response
  - iii. Output of the system for the input  $x[n] = (0.2)^n u[n]$
  - iv. Discuss the causality and stability property of the system.
- b) What is Region of Convergence? Discuss the properties of RoC 6 CO5 [K2]

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