

B.E/B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: NOV/DEC 2024

(Regulation 2018)

Seventh Semester

INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

U18ISE0012: Software Security

COURSE OUTCOMES**CO1:** Understand the need for software security by survey of current vulnerabilities and attacks.**CO2:** Differentiate between traditional and secure software requirements and design.**CO3:** Understand secure coding best practices and methods of analyzing.**CO4:** Understand the importance of security testing and how it impacts the quality of software.**CO5:** Understand the importance of secure installation, deployment and manage security incidents.**Time: Three Hours****Maximum Marks: 100****Answer all the Questions:-****PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)****(Answer not more than 40 words)**

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| 1. Define confidentiality, integrity, and availability in the context of software security. | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| 2. Explain the difference between authentication and authorization in software security. | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| 3. Identify two common software vulnerabilities and give an example of each. | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| 4. What is the purpose of input validation in software security? Provide an example. | CO2 | [K ₂] |
| 5. Briefly analyze how threat modeling contributes to secure software design | CO2 | [K ₄] |
| 6. List two secure coding best practices and explain their importance. | CO3 | [K ₂] |
| 7. What is the role of security testing in quality assurance? | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| 8. Describe penetration testing and its purpose in security testing. | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| 9. What is configuration management in the context of secure software deployment? | CO5 | [K ₂] |
| 10. Explain the concept of vulnerability tracking in software maintenance. | CO5 | [K ₂] |

Answer any FIVE Questions:-**PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)****(Answer not more than 400 words)**

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| 11. a) Describe the types of low-level security attacks and explain one in detail. | 8 | CO1 | [K ₂] |
| b) Discuss memory safety mechanisms and their role in defending against low-level attacks. | 8 | CO1 | [K ₂] |

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| 12. | a) | Differentiate between functional and operational security requirements in software design. | 8 | CO2 | [K ₄] |
| | b) | Explain the principle of “defense in depth” and provide an example of how it can be applied in software security. | 8 | CO2 | [K ₃] |
| 13. | a) | Identify the main differences between declarative and imperative security in secure coding. | 8 | CO3 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Explain static analysis as a method for secure code analysis and its advantages in software security. | 8 | CO3 | [K ₂] |
| 14. | a) | Outline the different types of testing (functional, non-functional, security testing) and describe how each contributes to software security. | 8 | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Discuss the importance of bug tracking and attack surface validation in security testing. | 8 | CO4 | [K ₂] |
| 15. | a) | Describe the process of secure installation and deployment, focusing on configuration management and elevated privileges. | 8 | CO5 | [K ₂] |
| | b) | Explain the role of audits and metrics in the operations and maintenance phase of software deployment. | 8 | CO5 | [K ₂] |
| 16. | | Case Scenario: A small e-commerce website has a login form that directly inserts user input into an SQL query without validation. An attacker tries to enter the following into the username field: ' OR '1'='1' – | 16 | CO2 | [K ₄] |
| | a. | Analyze the security vulnerability in this scenario, explaining how an attacker could exploit it. | | | |
| | b. | Propose two secure design practices that could prevent this type of attack and briefly explain their effectiveness. | | | |
