



**B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: NOV/DEC 2024**

(Regulation 2017)

First Semester

**FASHION TECHNOLOGY**

U17MAT1103: Algebra and Differential Equations

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1:** Identify eigenvalues and eigenvectors of matrices and examine the consistency of system of linear equations.
- CO2:** Estimate the convergence of infinite series through various methods.
- CO3:** Solve first order ordinary differential equations of certain types and apply in some physical situations.
- CO4:** Apply numerical techniques to solve first order ordinary differential equations.
- CO5:** Identify the solution of the higher order ordinary differential equations using various methods.
- CO6:** Know how to find the Fourier Series and half range Fourier Series of a function given explicitly and to find Fourier Series of numerical data using harmonic analysis.

**Time: Three Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 100**

**Answer all the Questions:-**

**PART A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)**

**(Answer not more than 40 words)**

1. Find the sum and product of the eigen values of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 6 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 4 & 9 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . CO1 [K<sub>2</sub>]
2. State Cayley Hamilton theorem. CO1 [K<sub>1</sub>]
3. What is conditional convergence? CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]
4. What is Leibniz's test for alternating series? CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]
5. Transform  $\frac{dy}{dx} + x \sin 2y = x^3 \cos^2 y$  to Leibnitz equation form. CO3 [K<sub>2</sub>]
6. Given  $y' = -y$  and  $y(0)=1$ , determine the value of  $y$  at  $x = 0.01$ . CO4 [K<sub>2</sub>]
7. Transform  $((2x-1)^2 D^2 - 4(2x-1)D + 8)y = 0$  to a differential equation with constant coefficients. CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
8. Solve  $y'' + 3y' + 6y = 0$ . CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
9. Define Dirichlet's conditions. CO6 [K<sub>1</sub>]
10. What is Harmonic analysis? CO6 [K<sub>1</sub>]

**Answer any FIVE Questions:-**  
**PART B (5 x 16 = 80 Marks)**  
**(Answer not more than 400 words)**

11. a) Find eigenvalue and eigenvectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  8 CO1 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- b) Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem if  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$  8 CO1 [K<sub>3</sub>]
12. a) Explain Comparison test and D'Alembert's ratio test. 8 CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]
- b) Discuss the concept of absolute and conditional convergence with example. 8 CO2 [K<sub>1</sub>]
13. a) Explain the process of exponential growth and decay process. 8 CO3 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- b) Solve  $(x+1)\frac{dy}{dx} - y = e^{3x}(x+1)^2$  8 CO3 [K<sub>3</sub>]
14. a) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$  given  $y(1)=0$  and determine  $y(1.1)$  by Taylor's series method. 8 CO4 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- b) Using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^2 + x^2}$ , at  $x = 0.2, 0.4$  given  $y(0) = 1$ . 8 CO4 [K<sub>3</sub>]
15. a) Using method of variation of parameters solve  $y'' + 4y = \tan 2x$ . 8 CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- b) Solve  $(x^2 D^2 - 2xD - 4)y = 32(\log x)^2$  8 CO5 [K<sub>3</sub>]
16. a) Obtain the Fourier series of the function  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^2$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ . 8 CO6 [K<sub>3</sub>]
- b) Expand  $f(x)$  in a Fourier series first harmonic using the following table 8 CO6 [K<sub>3</sub>]

$x$	0	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\pi$	$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$
$y = f(x)$	1	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2

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